



# Agilent

## ESG Family of RF Signal Generators

### Data Sheet



|                 | Analog only  |   | Digital and analog |   |
|-----------------|--------------|---|--------------------|---|
|                 | ESG-A series | ESG-AP series<br>(high spectral purity) | ESG-D series       | ESG-DP series<br>(high spectral purity) |
| 250 kHz – 1 GHz | E4400B       | E4423B                                  | E4430B             | E4434B                                  |
| 250 kHz – 2 GHz | E4420B       | E4424B                                  | E4431B             | E4435B                                  |
| 250 kHz – 3 GHz | E4421B       | E4425B                                  | E4432B             | E4436B                                  |
| 250 kHz – 4 GHz | E4422B       | E4426B                                  | E4433B             | E4437B                                  |

## Notice

This document is updated as often as once a month. Please contact Agilent Technologies for the latest information or check the ESG Web site at <http://www.agilent.com/find/esg>



**Agilent Technologies**

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# Introduction

Standard Agilent Technologies ESG family RF signal generators incorporate a broad array of capabilities for testing both analog and digital communications systems. Adding flexible options provides a test solution that will evaluate the performance of a communication system to the requirements of nearly all current and proposed air interface standards. Many test functions can be customized to meet the needs of proprietary and other nonstandard wireless protocols as well. You can configure your instrument to address a wide variety of tests—from altering nearly every aspect of a digital signal or signal operating environment, to creating experimental signals. This flexibility, along with an architecture that accepts future enhancements makes the ESG family an excellent choice for wireless communications system testing now and in the future.

## *ESG family of RF signal generators*

The family consists of four series:

**ESG-A series:** analog instruments  
E4400B, E4420B, E4421B, E4422B

**ESG-AP series:** analog instruments with high spectral purity  
E4423B, E4424B, E4425B, E4426B

**ESG-D series:** digital and analog instruments  
E4430B, E4431B, E4432B, E4433B

**ESG-DP series:** digital and analog instruments with high spectral purity  
E4434B, E4435B, E4436B, E4437B

Please refer to the related literature in the section ESG family application and product information for additional information.

### **Key standard features for entire family**

- Expandable architecture
- Broad frequency coverage
- Choice of electronic or mechanical attenuator
- Superior level accuracy
- Wideband FM and  $\Phi$ M
- Step sweep (frequency, power and list)
- Built-in function generator
- Lightweight, rack-mountable
- 3-year warranty
- 2-year calibration cycle

### **Standard features only in the digital series**

- Broadband analog I/Q inputs
- I/Q adjustment capabilities and internal calibration
- Excellent modulation accuracy and stability
- Coherent carrier output

### **Options available only with the digital series**

- Built-in dual arbitrary waveform generator
- Multichannel, multicarrier CDMA personality
- Multichannel, multicarrier W-CDMA 1.0 personality
- Multichannel cdma2000 personality
- Real-time 3GPP W-CDMA personality
- Real-time cdma2000 personality
- Real-time EDGE personality
- Internal bit-error-rate analyzer
- Versatile timeslot, data and burst generation
- Adjustable symbol rates, filter factors and burst shape
- Digital modulation formats for DECT, GSM, NADC, PDC, PHS, and TETRA

### **Options available only with the analog series**

- High-performance pulse modulation

# Specifications for analog and digital models

## Frequency

### Range

|              |                  |
|--------------|------------------|
| ESG-A series |                  |
| E4400B       | 250 kHz to 1 GHz |
| E4420B       | 250 kHz to 2 GHz |
| E4421B       | 250 kHz to 3 GHz |
| E4422B       | 250 kHz to 4 GHz |

### ESG-AP series

|        |                  |
|--------|------------------|
| E4423B | 250 kHz to 1 GHz |
| E4424B | 250 kHz to 2 GHz |
| E4425B | 250 kHz to 3 GHz |
| E4426B | 250 kHz to 4 GHz |

### ESG-D series

|        |                  |
|--------|------------------|
| E4430B | 250 kHz to 1 GHz |
| E4431B | 250 kHz to 2 GHz |
| E4432B | 250 kHz to 3 GHz |
| E4433B | 250 kHz to 4 GHz |

### ESG-DP series

|        |                  |
|--------|------------------|
| E4434B | 250 kHz to 1 GHz |
| E4435B | 250 kHz to 2 GHz |
| E4436B | 250 kHz to 3 GHz |
| E4437B | 250 kHz to 4 GHz |

### Underrange

100 kHz

### Resolution

0.01 Hz

### Accuracy

Same as timebase

### Switching speed (typical)<sup>1</sup>

|                | ESG-A and ESG-D series | ESG-AP and ESG-DP series |
|----------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Modulation on  |                        |                          |
| Analog         | <50 ms                 | <65 ms                   |
| Digital        | <90 ms                 | <100 ms                  |
| Modulation off | <40 ms                 | <55 ms                   |

### Phase offset

Phase is adjustable via GPIB or front panel in nominal 0.1° increments

## Frequency bands

| Band | Frequency range         | N # |
|------|-------------------------|-----|
| 1    | 250 kHz to ≤249.999 MHz | 1   |
| 2    | >249.999 to ≤500 MHz    | 0.5 |
| 3    | >500 MHz to ≤1 GHz      | 1   |
| 4    | >1 to ≤2 GHz            | 2   |
| 5    | >2 to ≤4 GHz            | 4   |

## Sweep modes

### Operating modes

Frequency step, amplitude step and arbitrary list

### Dwell time

1 ms to 60 s

### Number of points

2 to 401

## Internal reference oscillator

### Stability

|                    | ESG-A and ESG-D series standard | ESG-AP and ESG-DP series standard | ESG-A and ESG-D series Option 1E5              |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Aging rate         | <±1 ppm/yr                      |                                   | <±0.1 ppm/yr or <±0.0005 ppm/day after 45 days |
| Temp. (0 to 55° C) | <±1 ppm, typical                |                                   | <±0.05 ppm, typical                            |
| Line voltage       | <±0.1 ppm, typical (+5%, -10%)  |                                   | <±0.002 ppm, typical (+5%, -10%)               |

### Timebase reference output

|           |                                       |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| Frequency | 10 MHz                                |
| Amplitude | >0.35 V <sub>rms</sub> into 50 Ω load |

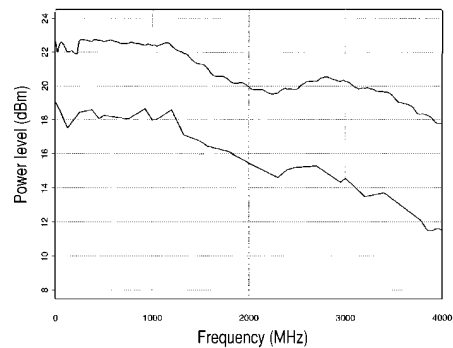
### External reference input

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| Frequency       | 1, 2, 5, 10 MHz<br>± typical 10 ppm<br>(typical 1 ppm, ESG-AP and ESG-DP series, ESG-A and ESG-D series Option 1E5) |
| Amplitude       | >0.15 V <sub>rms</sub>  |
| Input impedance | 50 Ω  |

## Output

| Power <sup>2</sup> | Standard        | Option UNB      |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 250 kHz to 1 GHz   | +13 to -136 dBm | +17 to -136 dBm |
| >1 to 3 GHz        | +10 to -136 dBm | +16 to -136 dBm |
| >3 to 4 GHz        | +7 to -136 dBm  | +13 to -136 dBm |

**Typical maximum available power**



1. To within 0.1 ppm of final frequency above 250 MHz or within 100 Hz below 250 MHz.

2. With high performance pulse modulation (Option 1E6) installed, all maximum power specifications drop by 4 dB.

Specifications describe the instrument's warranted performance and apply after a 45 minute warm-up. All specifications are valid over the signal generator's entire operating/environmental range while in phase noise mode 2, unless otherwise noted. Supplemental characteristics, denoted typical or nominal, provide additional (nonwarranted) information useful in applying the instrument.

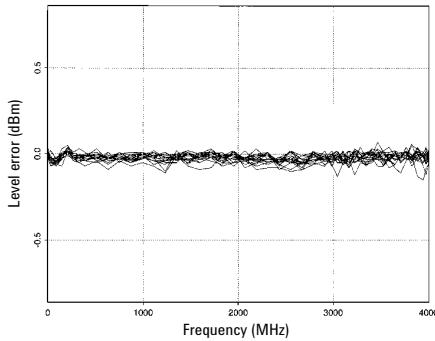
**Resolution** 0.02 dB

**Attenuator hold level range**

|                  | Standard | Option UNB |
|------------------|----------|------------|
| 250 kHz to 1 GHz | 23 dB    | 27 dB      |
| >1 to 3 GHz      | 20 dB    | 26 dB      |
| >3 to 4 GHz      | 17 dB    | 23 dB      |

**Level accuracy (dB)<sup>1</sup>**

| Freq range       | Output power  |                         |           |
|------------------|---|-------------------------|-----------|
|                  | +7 to -120 dBm<br>(+10 to -120 dBm, -120 to Option UNB) | -120 to -127 dBm        | <-127 dBm |
| 250 kHz to 2 GHz | ±0.5  | ±0.5                    | ±1.5      |
| 2 to 3 GHz       | ±0.9  | ±0.9                    | ±2.5      |
| 3 to 4 GHz       | ±0.9  | ±0.9 (±1.5, Option UNB) | ±2.5      |



**Typical level accuracy**

**Amplitude switching speed**

Without power search <30 ms, typical  
When using power search <300 ms, typical

**Reverse power protection<sup>2</sup>**

250 kHz to 2 GHz 50 watts  
>2000 to 4 GHz 25 watts  
Max DC voltage 50 V

**SWR (typical)**

|                  | Standard | Option UNB |
|------------------|----------|------------|
| 250 kHz to 2 GHz | <1.4:1   | <1.25:1    |
| >2 to 4 GHz      | <1.9:1   | <1.35:1    |

**Output impedance**

50 Ω

**Spectral purity**

**SSB phase noise<sup>3</sup> (at 20 kHz offset)**

|            | ESG-A and ESG-D Series | ESG-AP and ESG-DP Series     |
|------------|------------------------|------------------------------|
| at 500 MHz | <-120 dBc/Hz           | <-134 dBc/Hz, (<-138 dBc/Hz) |
| at 1 GHz   | <-116 dBc/Hz           | <-130 dBc/Hz, (<-134 dBc/Hz) |
| at 2 GHz   | <-110 dBc/Hz           | <-123 dBc/Hz, (<-127 dBc/Hz) |
| at 3 GHz   | <-104 dBc/Hz           | <-120 dBc/Hz, (<-124 dBc/Hz) |
| at 4 GHz   | <-104 dBc/Hz           | <-118 dBc/Hz, (<-122 dBc/Hz) |

**Residual FM<sup>4</sup> (CW mode, 0.3 to 3 kHz BW, CCITT, rms)**

**ESG-AP and ESG-DP series**

<N x 1 Hz (<N x 0.5 Hz, typical)

**ESG-A and ESG-D series**

Phase noise mode 1 <N x 2 Hz  
Phase noise mode 2 <N x 4 Hz

**Harmonics**

(≤+4 dBm (≤+7.5 dBm, Option UNB) output level) <-30 dBc

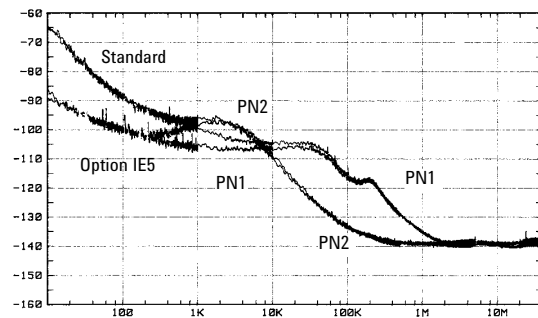
**Nonharmonics**

(<+7 dBm (<+10 dBm, Option UNB) output level)<sup>5</sup>

|                    | ESG-A and ESG-AP and ESG-D series <sup>6</sup> |                             | ESG-DP series <sup>7</sup> |                             |
|--------------------|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|                    | >3 kHz offset                                  | >10 kHz offset <sup>3</sup> | >3 kHz offset              | >10 kHz offset <sup>3</sup> |
| 250 kHz to 250 MHz | <-65 dBc                                       | (<-75 dBc)                  | <-65 dBc                   | (<-75 dBc)                  |
| 250 MHz to 500 MHz | <-65 dBc                                       | (<-75 dBc)                  | <-80 dBc                   | <-80 dBc                    |
| 500 MHz to 1 GHz   | <-65 dBc                                       | (<-75 dBc)                  | <-80 dBc                   | <-80 dBc                    |
| 1 to 2 GHz         | <-59 dBc                                       | (<-69 dBc)                  | <-74 dBc                   | <-74 dBc                    |
| >2 GHz             | <-53 dBc                                       | (<-63 dBc)                  | <-68 dBc                   | <-68 dBc                    |

**Subharmonics**

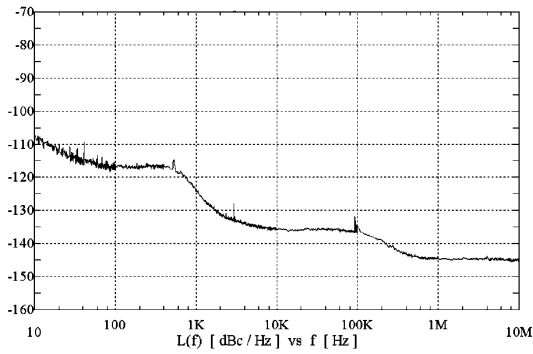
|        | ESG-A and ESG-D series | ESG-AP and ESG-DP series |
|--------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| ≤1 GHz | None                   | None                     |
| >1 GHz | <-40 dBc               | None                     |



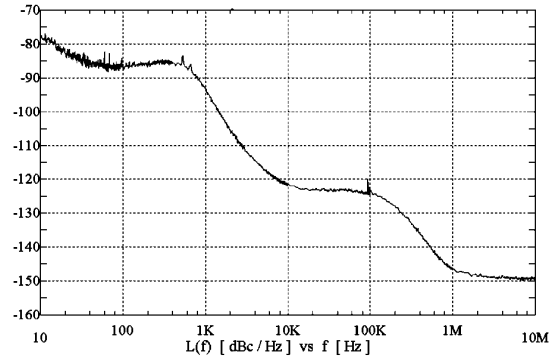
**Characteristic ESG-A and ESG-D series SSB phase noise at 1 GHz (phase noise modes 1 and 2)**

- For 23 °C ±5 °C. Accuracy degrades by 0.02 dB/°C over the full temperature range and by 0.3 dB above +7 dBm (degraded by 0.5 dB above +10 dBm with Option UNB). Level accuracy specification maintained only with return to calibration.
- The reverse power protection circuitry triggers at nominally 1 watt.
- Parentheses denote typical performance.
- Refer to frequency bands on page 4 to compute specifications.
- Performance is typical for spurs at frequencies above the maximum operating frequency of the instrument. Performance typically is -60 dBc between 225 and 249.999 MHz.
- Specifications apply for FM deviations <100 kHz and are not valid for FM. For non-constant amplitude digital formats, unspecified spur levels occur up to the second harmonic of the baseband rates.
- Specifications apply for CW mode only.

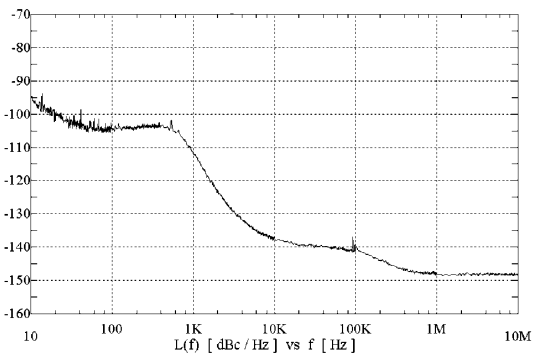
# Characteristic SSB phase noise for ESG-AP and ESG-DP series



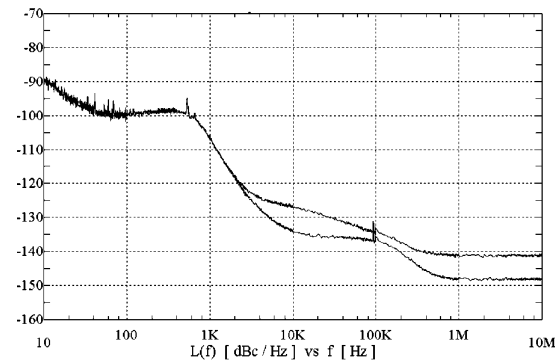
**fc = 100 MHz (CW, standard instrument)**



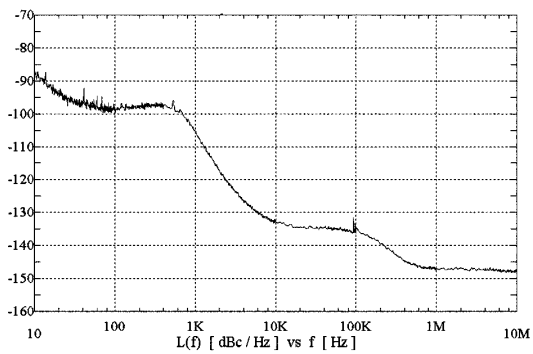
**fc = 4 GHz (CW, standard instrument)**



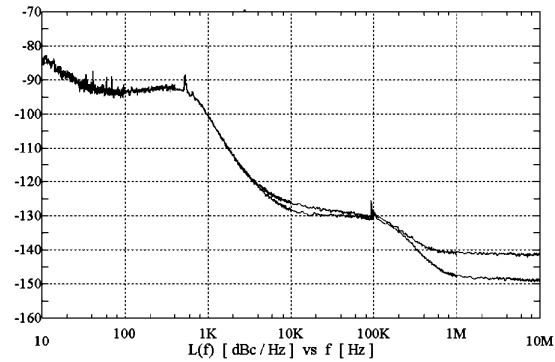
**fc = 500 MHz (CW, standard instrument)**



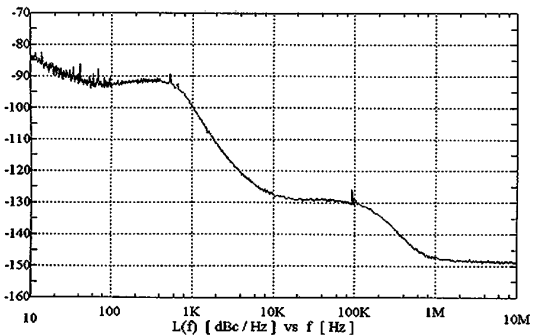
**fc = 900 MHz (CW and I/Q modulation on)**



**fc = 1 GHz (CW, standard instrument)**



**fc = 1.8 GHz (CW and I/Q modulation on)**



**fc = 2 GHz (CW, standard instrument)**

## Frequency modulation

### Maximum deviation

|                               |                                 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>ESG-A and ESG-D series</b> | <b>ESG-AP and ESG-DP series</b> |
| N x 10 MHz                    | N x 1 MHz                       |

**Resolution** 0.1% of deviation or 1 Hz, whichever is greater

### Modulation frequency response (deviation = 100 kHz)<sup>1</sup>

|     | Rates               |                         |
|-----|---------------------|-------------------------|
|     | 1 dB bandwidth      | 3 dB bandwidth, typical |
| FM1 | dc/20 Hz to 100 kHz | dc/5 Hz to 10 MHz       |
| FM2 | dc/20 Hz to 100 kHz | dc/5 Hz to 1 MHz        |

**Deviation accuracy<sup>2</sup>**  $< \pm(3.5\% \text{ of FM deviation} + 20 \text{ Hz})$   
(1 kHz rate, deviation  $< N \times 100 \text{ kHz}$ )

### Carrier frequency accuracy relative to CW in dcFM<sup>2,3</sup>

$\pm 0.1\%$  of set deviation + (N x 1 Hz)

**Distortion<sup>2</sup>**  $< 1\%$   
(1 kHz rate, THD, dev.= N x 100 kHz)

**External inputs** Ext 1 or Ext 2

**Sensitivity**  $1 V_{\text{peak}}$  for indicated deviation

**Input impedance** 50  $\Omega$ , nominal

**Paths** FM 1 and FM 2 are summed internally for composite modulation. Either path may be switched to any one of the modulation sources: Int, Ext 1, Ext 2. The FM 2 path is limited to a maximum rate of 1 MHz. The FM 2 path must be set to a deviation less than FM 1.

## Phase modulation

### Maximum deviation<sup>2</sup>

|           | <b>ESG-A and ESG-D series</b> | <b>ESG-AP and ESG-DP series</b> |
|-----------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Normal BW | N x 90 radians                | N x 10 radians                  |
| High BW   | N x $9\pi$ radians            | N x 1 radian                    |

**Resolution** 0.1% of set deviation

### Modulation frequency response<sup>2</sup> ESG-A and ESG-D series

| Mode      | Maximum deviation                 | Rates (3 dB BW) $\Phi M1$                | $\Phi M2$                                |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Normal BW | N x $2\pi$ rad                    | dc to 100 kHz                            | dc to 100 kHz                            |
| High BW   | N x $2\pi$ rad<br>N x $\pi/2$ rad | dc to 1.5 MHz (typ)<br>dc to 4 MHz (typ) | dc to 0.9 MHz (typ)<br>dc to 1 MHz (typ) |

### ESG-AP and ESG-DP series

| Mode      | Maximum deviation | Rates (3 dB BW) $\Phi M1$ | $\Phi M2$         |
|-----------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Normal BW | N x 10 rad        | dc to 100 kHz             | dc to 100 kHz     |
| High BW   | N x 1 rad         | dc to 1 MHz (typ)         | dc to 1 MHz (typ) |

**Deviation accuracy**  $< \pm(5\% \text{ of deviation} + 0.01 \text{ radians})$   
(1 kHz rate, Normal BW mode)

**Distortion<sup>2</sup>**  $< 1\%$   
1 kHz rate, THD, dev  $< N \times 90 \text{ rad}$  (dev  $< N \times 10 \text{ rad}$  for ESG-AP and ESG-DP series), Normal BW mode

**External inputs** Ext 1 or Ext 2

**Sensitivity**  $1 V_{\text{peak}}$  for indicated deviation

**Input impedance** 50  $\Omega$ , nominal

**Paths**  $\Phi M 1$  and  $\Phi M 2$  are summed internally for composite modulation. Either path may be switched to any one of the modulation sources: Int, Ext 1, Ext 2. The  $\Phi M 2$  path is limited to a maximum rate of 1 MHz. The  $\Phi M 2$  path must be set to a deviation less than  $\Phi M 1$ .

1. Since the internal modulation source operates over 0.1 Hz to 50 kHz, FM rates above 50 kHz must be supplied externally.

2. Refer to frequency bands on page 4 to compute specifications.

3. At the calibrated deviation and carrier frequency, within 5 °C of ambient temperature at time of calibration.

### Amplitude modulation<sup>1</sup> ( $f_c > 500$ kHz)

|  |                              |
|--|------------------------------|
| <b>Range</b><br>(envelope peak $\leq$ maximum specified power) | 0 to 100%                    |
| <b>Resolution</b>  | 0.1%                         |
| <b>Rates</b> (3 dB bandwidth)                                  | dc/10 Hz to 10 kHz           |
| <b>Accuracy</b> (1 kHz rate)                                   | $< \pm$ (6% of setting + 1%) |

|                                     |                  |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| <b>Distortion</b> (1 kHz rate, THD) |                  |
| 30% AM                              | $<1.5\%$         |
| 90% AM                              | $<4\%$ , typical |

|                        |   |
|------------------------|---|
| <b>External inputs</b> | Ext 1 or Ext 2                          |
| <b>Sensitivity</b>     | 1 $V_{\text{peak}}$ for indicated depth |
| <b>Input impedance</b> | 50 $\Omega$ , nominal                   |

**Paths** AM 1 and AM 2 are summed internally for composite modulation. Either path may be switched to any one of the modulation sources: Int, Ext 1, Ext 2.

### Wideband AM (ESG-DP and ESG-D series only)

|                                       |                       |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Rate</b> (1 dB bandwidth, typical) |                       |
| ALC On                                | 400 Hz to 10 MHz      |
| ALC Off                               | dc to 10 MHz          |
| <b>External input</b>                 | I input               |
| <b>Sensitivity</b>                    | 0.5 V = 100%          |
| <b>Input impedance</b>                | 50 $\Omega$ , nominal |

### Pulse modulation

|                                   |                             |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>On/off ratio</b>               |                             |
| $\leq 3$ GHz                      | $>80$ dB                    |
| $> 3$ GHz                         | $>60$ dB                    |
| <b>Rise/fall times</b>            | 150 ns, typical             |
| <b>Minimum width</b>              |                             |
| ALC On                            | 2 $\mu\text{s}$ , typical   |
| ALC Off                           | 0.4 $\mu\text{s}$ , typical |
| <b>Pulse repetition frequency</b> |                             |
| ALC On                            | 10 Hz to 250 kHz, typical   |
| ALC Off                           | dc to 1.0 MHz, typical      |

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| <b>Level accuracy</b> | $< \pm 0.5$ dB, typical<br>(relative to CW) <sup>2</sup> |
|-----------------------|--|

|                       |       |
|-----------------------|-------|
| <b>External input</b> | Ext 2 |
|-----------------------|-------|

|                      |                    |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Input voltage</b> |                    |
| RF on                | $>+0.5$ V, nominal |
| RF off               | $<+0.5$ V, nominal |

|                        |                       |
|------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Input impedance</b> | 50 $\Omega$ , nominal |
|------------------------|-----------------------|

|                                 |                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| <b>Internal pulse generator</b> |                            |
| Square wave rate                | 0.1 Hz to 50 kHz           |
| Pulse                           |                            |
| Period                          | 16 $\mu\text{s}$ to 30 sec |
| Width                           | 8 $\mu\text{s}$ to 30 sec  |
| Resolution                      | 4 $\mu\text{s}$            |

### High-performance pulse modulation (Option 1E6, ESG-AP and ESG-A series)<sup>3</sup>

|                        |                                   |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>On/off ratio</b>    |                                   |
| $\leq 2$ GHz           | $>80$ dB                          |
| $> 2$ GHz              | $>70$ dB                          |
| <b>Rise/fall times</b> | $<10$ ns                          |
| <b>Delay</b>           | $<60$ ns, typical                 |
| <b>External input</b>  | Pulse in                          |
| <b>Input voltage</b>   | +5 V (with RF on, TTL compatible) |
| <b>Input impedance</b> |                                   |

1. AM is typical above 3 GHz or if wideband AM or I/Q modulation is simultaneously enabled.

2. With ALC off, specifications apply after the execution of power search. With ALC on, specifications apply for pulse repetition rates  $\leq 10$  kHz and pulse widths  $\geq 5 \mu\text{s}$ .

3. With high performance pulse modulation (Option 1E6) installed, all maximum power specifications drop by 4 dB.



## Internal modulation source

(Provides FM,  $\Phi$ M, and AM modulation signals and LF out)

**Waveforms** sine, square, ramp, triangle, pulse, noise

### Rate range

Sine 0.1 Hz to 50 kHz  
Square, ramp, triangle 0.1 Hz to 10 kHz

### Resolution

Pulse only 4  $\mu$ s

**Frequency accuracy** 0.005%, typical

### Swept sine mode (frequency, phase continuous)

Operating modes Triggered or continuous sweeps  
Frequency range 0.1 Hz to 50 kHz  
Sweep time 1 ms to 65 sec  
Resolution 1 ms

### Dual sinewave mode

Frequency range 0.1 Hz to 50 kHz  
Amplitude ratio 0 to 100%  
Amplitude ratio resolution 0.1%

## LF out (internal modulation source)

Amplitude 0 to 3  $V_{\text{peak}}$  into 50  $\Omega$

Output impedance <1  $\Omega$

## External modulation inputs

### Modulation types

Ext 1 FM,  $\Phi$ M, AM, and burst envelope  
Ext 2 FM,  $\Phi$ M, AM, and pulse

High/Low Indicator (100 Hz to 10 MHz BW, AC coupled inputs only) Activated when input level error exceeds 3% (nominal)

## Simultaneous modulation

All modulation types may be simultaneously enabled, except: FM with FM; AM with burst envelope; Wideband AM with I/Q. AM, FM, and FM can sum simultaneous inputs from any two sources (INT, EXT 1, and EXT 2.) Any given source (INT, EXT 1, or EXT 2) may only be routed to one activated modulation type.

# Specifications for digital models only

## Level accuracy with digital modulation (ESG-DP and ESG-D series only)

With ALC On; relative to CW; with PRBS modulated data; if using I/Q inputs,  $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 0.5 V_{rms}$ , nominal<sup>1</sup>

### $\pi/4$ DQPSK or QPSK formats

| ESG-D series | ESG-DP series |
|--------------|---------------|
| ±0.15 dB     | ±0.20 dB      |

(Relative to CW; with raised cosine or root-raised cosine filter and  $\alpha \geq 0.35$ ; with 10 kHz ≤ symbol rate ≤ 1 MHz; at RF freq ≥ 25 MHz; power ≤ max specified -3 dB or -6 dB with Option UNB)

### Constant amplitude formats (FSK, GMSK, etc)

| ESG-D series   | ESG-DP series |
|----------------|---------------|
| No degradation | ±0.10 dB      |

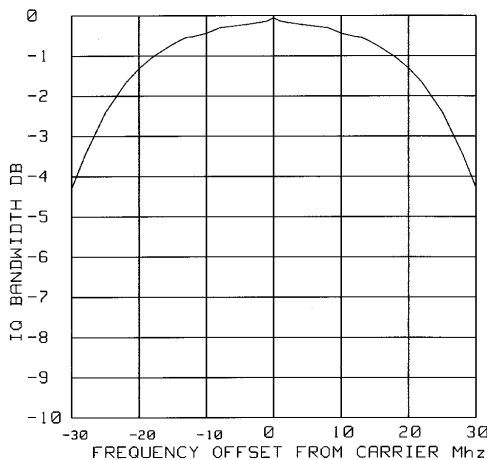
**Level accuracy with ALC off<sup>2</sup>** ±0.3 dB, typical  
(After power search is executed; relative to CW level accuracy with ALC on; with burst off; if external I/Q is enabled  $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 0.5 V_{rms}$ )

## I/Q modulation

(ESG-DP and ESG-D series only)

### I/Q inputs

Input impedance 50 Ω  
Full scale input<sup>1</sup>  $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 0.5 V_{rms}$



Typical I/Q frequency response

## Adjustments/Impairments (nominal)

|  |                         |
|--|-------------------------|
| DC offset (I and Q independently adjustable) | ±100%                   |
| I/Q gain ratio                               | ±4 dB                   |
| I/Q quadrature                               | ±10° (for fc ≤ 3.3 GHz) |

## DC vector accuracy<sup>3</sup>

(Relative to full scale, power ≤ +7 dBm (≤+10 dBm, Option UNB))

| Frequency (GHz)                | <0.6   | 0.6 to 2 | 2 to 3.7 | ≤ 4    |
|--------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|--------|
| Static EVM <sup>4</sup> (rms)  | <0.75% | <0.5%    | 0.75%    | <1%    |
| Mag. error <sup>4</sup> (rms)  | <0.5%  | <0.35%   | <0.5%    | <0.75% |
| Phase error <sup>4</sup> (rms) | <0.35° | <0.25°   | <0.35°   | <0.5°  |
| Origin offset (dBc)            | <-46   | <-46     | <-40     | <-40   |

## External burst envelope

(ESG-DP and ESG-D series only)

### Input voltage

|                      |           |
|----------------------|-----------|
| RF On                | 0 V       |
| RF Off               | -1.0 V    |
| Linear control range | 0 to -1 V |

### On/off ratio

|                 |          |
|-----------------|----------|
| ≤3 GHz          | >75 dB   |
| >3 GHz          | >60 dB   |
| V <sub>in</sub> | ≤-1.05 V |

### Rise/fall time

<2 μs with rectangular input, typical

### Minimum burst repetition frequency

|         |                |
|---------|----------------|
| ALC on  | 10 Hz, typical |
| ALC off | dc             |

### External input

Ext 1

### Input impedance

50 Ω, nominal

## Coherent carrier out<sup>5</sup>

(ESG-DP and ESG-D series only)

**Range** 250 MHz to maximum carrier frequency

### Level

0 dBm ±5 dB, typical

### Impedance

50 Ω

- The optimum I/Q input level is  $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 0.5 V_{rms}$ . I/Q drive level affects EVM, origin offset, spectral regrowth, and noise floor. Typically, level accuracy with ALC on will be maintained with drive levels between 0.25 and 1.0 V<sub>rms</sub>.
- When applying external I/Q signals with ALC off, output level will vary directly with I/Q input level. Power search is an internal calibration routine used to set output power when ALC is off. The routine disables all modulation inputs, adjusts output power while applying 0.5 V<sub>rms</sub> to the I/Q modulation then enables modulation.
- Valid for 10 days after executing internal calibration routine, provided temperature is maintained within ±5 °C of calibration temperature.
- Measured at full scale with origin offset removed.
- Coherent carrier is modulated by FM or ΦM when enabled.

# I/Q baseband generator

(Option UN8, ESG-DP and ESG-D series only)

## Modulation

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| PSK         | BPSK, QPSK, OQPSK, $\pi/4$ QPSK, 8PSK, 16PSK, D8PSK  |
| MSK         | User-defined phase offset from 0 to 100°   |
| QAM         | 4, 16, 32, 64, 256   |
| FSK         | Selectable: 2, 4, 8, 16 level symmetric  |
| Custom:     | Custom map of up to 16 deviation levels  |
| Deviation:  | Modulation index $\leq 1$ , $\leq 1.5$ Msym/sec<br>Modulation index $\leq 0.5$ , $\leq 2.0$ Msym/sec |
| Resolution: | 0.1 Hz   |
| I/Q:        | Custom map of 16 unique values for I and Q   |

## Filter

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| Selectable | Nyquist, root Nyquist, Gaussian, rectangular   |
| Custom FIR | $\alpha$ : 0 to 1, $B_bT$ : 0.1 to 1<br>256 coefficients, 16-bit resolution, 16 symbols long, automatically scaled |

## Symbol rate

For external data or internal PN sequences in pattern mode, symbol rate is adjustable from 200 symbols/sec to maximum listed in table.

| Bits/symbol | Maximum symbol rate (Msym/sec) | Maximum data rate (Mbits/sec) |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1           | 12.5                           | 12.5                          |
| 2           | 12.5                           | 25                            |
| 3           | 8.33                           | 25                            |
| 4           | 12.5                           | 50                            |
| 5           | 10                             | 50                            |
| 6           | 8.33                           | 50                            |
| 7           | 7.14                           | 50                            |
| 8           | 6.25                           | 50                            |

For all other data types and data structures the maximum bit rate is 5 Mbits/sec.

## TDMA data structure

Frames and timeslots may be configured as different types of traffic or control channels. The data field of a timeslot can accept a user file, PRBS (PN9 or PN15), or external data. Maximum bit rate is 5 Mbits/sec.

## Reference frequency

Internal or external 1, 2, 5, 10 MHz reference  
Data clock can be locked to an external 13 MHz (GSM) reference

## Frame trigger delay control

|            |                  |
|------------|------------------|
| Range      | 0 to 65,535 bits |
| Resolution | 1 bit            |

## Data types

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| Internally generated data |   |
| Pseudo-random patterns    | (meets ITU-T standard)<br>Continuous PN9 (PRBS $2^9 - 1$ ) PN11 (PRBS $2^{11} - 1$ ), PN15 <sup>1</sup> (PRBS $2^{15} - 1$ ), PN20 (PRBS $2^{20} - 1$ ), PN23 (PRBS $2^{23} - 1$ ). |
| Repeating sequence        | Any 4-bit sequence  |
| Downloadable data         |   |
| Maximum bit rate          | 5 Mbits/sec   |
| Direct-pattern RAM (PRAM) |   |
| Max size                  | 1 Mbytes (standard)<br>8 Mbytes (Option UN9)  |
| Use                       | Nonstandard framing   |
| User file                 |   |
| Max size                  | 128 kbytes  |
| Use                       | Continuous modulation or internally generated TDMA standard   |
| Externally generated data |   |
| Type                      | Serial data   |
| Inputs                    | Data, bit/symbol clocks<br>Accepts data rates $\pm 5\%$ of specified data rate  |

## Internal burst shape control

|                                     |                |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| Varies with standards and bit rates |                |
| Rise/fall time range                | Up to 30 bits  |
| Rise/fall delay range               | 0 to 63.5 bits |

## I/Q outputs

(Baseband I/Q outputs can be scaled from 0 to 1  $V_{\text{peak-to-peak}}$  into 50  $\Omega$ )<sup>2</sup>

| Standard       | Default scaling | Maximum V (rms) |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| NADC, PHS, PDC | 100             | 0.25            |
| TETRA          | 65              | 0.25            |
| GSM, DECT      | N/A             | 0.35            |

|  |           |
|--|-----------|
| EVM (NADC, PDC, PHS, TETRA) <sup>3</sup> | 1% rms    |
| Global phase error (GSM) <sup>3</sup>    | 0.75° rms |
| Deviation accuracy (DECT) <sup>3</sup>   | 1 kHz rms |

## I/Q outputs

(Baseband I/Q outputs can be scaled from 0 to 1  $V_{\text{peak-to-peak}}$  into 50  $\Omega$ )<sup>4</sup>

| Custom format <sup>5</sup> | Default scaling | Maximum V (rms) |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| FSK, MSK                   | NA              | 0.35            |
| QPSK, BPSK                 | 70              | 0.32            |
| 8PSK, 16PSK, D8PSK         | 70              | 0.20            |
| $\pi/4$ QPSK               | 70              | 0.25            |
| QAM                        | 70              | >0.10           |

1. PN15 is not continuous in burst mode when TETRA is operated in a downlink mode.
2. Baseband I/Q outputs cannot be scaled for GSM and DECT.
3. Specifications apply for the frequency range, symbol rates, root Nyquist filter, filter factors, and default scaling factor specified for each standard.
4. Baseband I/Q outputs cannot be scaled for FSK and MSK.
5. Filter factor (a or BbT) is set to 0.5.

# I/Q baseband generator (continued)

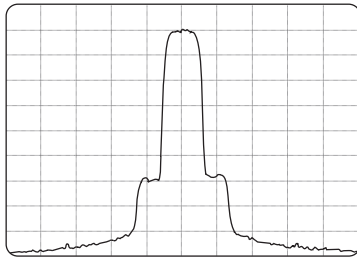
## Digital communications standards

|   | NADC <sup>5</sup>   |       | PDC                         |       | PHS               |       | TETRA  |                    | DECT   | GSM (DCS, PCS)                             |       |
|---|---------------------|-------|-----------------------------|-------|-------------------|-------|--|--------------------|--|--|-------|
| <b>Error vector magnitude<sup>1</sup></b> (% rms)                               | Continuous          | Burst | Continuous                  | Burst | Continuous        | Burst | Continuous   | Burst              | N/A  | N/A  |       |
| Low EVM mode  | 0.7                 | 1.4   | 0.9                         | 1.3   | 0.9               | 0.9   | 0.8  | 1.7                |  |  |       |
| Low EVM mode (typical)  | 0.4                 | 1.1   | 0.6                         | 0.9   | 0.6               | 0.7   | 0.5  | 1.3                |  |  |       |
| Low ACP mode (typical)  | 1.0                 | 1.4   | 0.8                         | 1.0   | 0.9               | 0.9   | 0.9  | 1.5                |  |  |       |
| <b>Global phase error<sup>1</sup></b> (rms/pk)                                  | N/A                 |       | N/A                         |       | N/A               |       | N/A  |                    | N/A  | 0.6°/2.2°<br>0.3°/1.3° (typ)               |       |
| <b>Deviation accuracy<sup>1</sup></b> (kHz)                                     | N/A                 |       | N/A                         |       | N/A               |       | N/A  |                    | 3 (2, typ)                                     | N/A  |       |
| <b>Channel spacing</b> (kHz)  | 30                  |       | 25                          |       | 300               |       | 25   |                    | 1,728  | 200  |       |
| <b>Adjacent channel power<sup>1</sup></b> (ACP)<br>(Low ACP Mode, dBc, typical) | Continuous          | Burst | Continuous                  | Burst | Continuous        | Burst | Continuous   | Burst <sup>2</sup> | N/A  | Continuous                                 | Burst |
| at adjacent channel <sup>3</sup>  | -35                 | -34   | -                           | -     | -                 | -     | -69 <sup>4</sup>   | -64                |  | -37  | -37   |
| at 1st alternate channel <sup>3</sup>   | -80                 | -78   | -74                         | -72   | -80               | -78   | -80  | -78                |  | -72  | -71   |
| at 2nd alternate channel <sup>3</sup>   | -82                 | -81   | -                           | -     | -80               | -79   | -81  | -80                |  | -82  | -80   |
| at 3rd alternate channel <sup>3</sup>   | -84                 | -83   | -81                         | -79   | -                 | -     | -81  | -80                |  | -82  | -81   |
| <b>Supported burst types</b>  | Custom, up/down TCH |       | Custom, up/down TCH, up Vox |       | Custom, TCH, sync |       | Custom, up control 1 & 2 up normal, down normal, down sync |                    | Custom, dummy B 1 & 2, traffic B, low capacity | Custom, normal, FCorr, sync, dummy, access |       |
| <b>Scramble capabilities</b>  |                     |       |                             |       | Yes               |       | Yes  |                    |  |  |       |

- Specifications apply for the symbol rates, root raised cosine filter, filter factors (a or BbT) and default scaling factor specified for each standard, and at power levels  $\leq +7$  dBm ( $\leq +10$  dBm, Option UNB).
- ACP for TETRA is measured over a 25 kHz bandwidth, with an 18 kHz root raised cosine filter applied at power levels  $\leq +4$  dBm ( $\leq +8$  dBm, Option UNB).
- The "channel spacing" determines the offset size of the adjacent and alternate channels: Adjacent channel offset = 1 x channel spacing, 1st alternate channel = 2 x channel spacing, 2nd alternate channel = 3 x channel spacing, etc.
- TETRA ACP performance is typically  $< -72$  dBc with Option H99 in continuous modulation mode.
- Supports IS-54 and IS-136 traffic channels only.

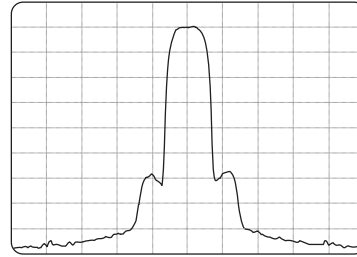
# I/Q baseband generator (continued)

## Digital communications standards



**NADC spectrum**

Fc = 849 MHz  
Span = 0.3 MHz  
Scale = 10 dB/div  
Level = +4 dBm



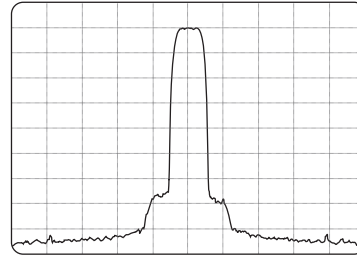
**PDC spectrum**

Fc = 810 MHz  
Span = 0.25 MHz  
Scale = 10 dB/div  
Level = +4 dBm



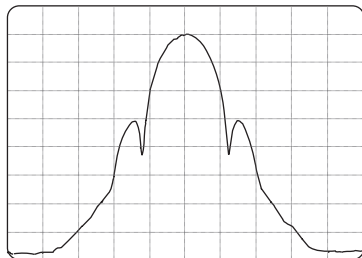
**PHS spectrum**

Fc = 1907 MHz  
Span = 2 MHz  
Scale = 10 dB/div  
Level = +4 dBm



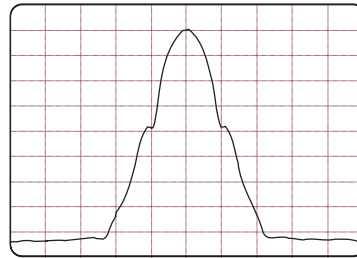
**TETRA spectrum**

Fc = 400 MHz  
Span = 0.25 MHz  
Scale = 10 dB/div  
Level = +4 dBm



**DECT spectrum**

Fc = 1800 MHz  
Span = 7 MHz  
Scale = 10 dB/div  
Level = +4 dBm



**GSM spectrum**

Fc = 920 MHz  
Span = 2 MHz  
Scale = 10 dB/div  
Level = +4 dBm

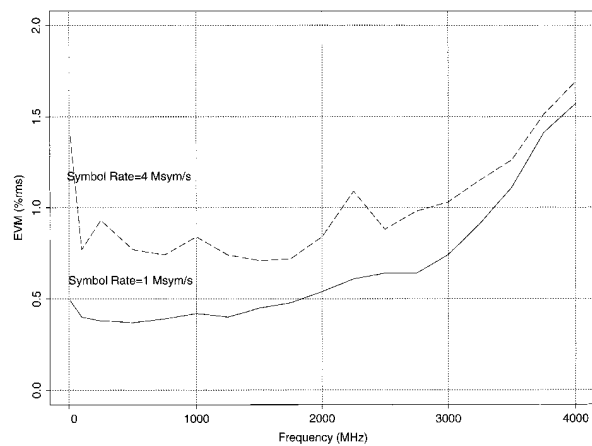
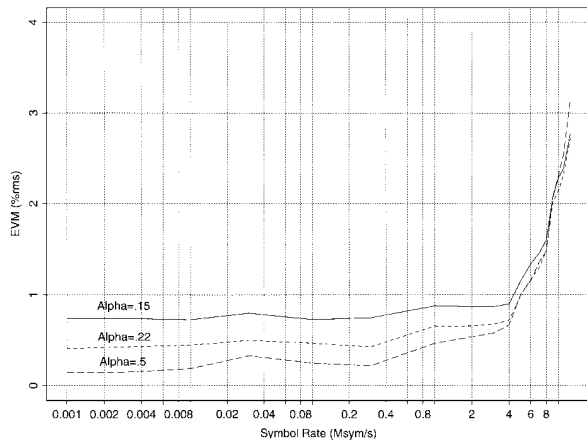
# I/Q baseband generator (continued)

## Custom digitally modulated signals

| Modulation                           | QPSK   | $\pi/4$ QPSK | 16QAM | 2FSK                     | GMSK   |
|--------------------------------------|--|--------------|-------|--------------------------|--|
| Filter                               | Root Nyquist                                   |              |       | Gaussian                 |  |
| Filter factor ( $\alpha$ or $B_bT$ ) | 0.25   | 0.25         | 0.25  | 0.5                      | 0.5  |
| Modulation index                     | N/A  | N/A          | N/A   | 0.5                      | N/A  |
| Symbol rate (Msym/s)                 | 4  | 4            | 4     | 1                        | 1  |
|                                      | Error vector magnitude <sup>1</sup><br>(% rms) |              |       | Shift error <sup>1</sup> | Global phase error <sup>1</sup><br>(degrees rms) |
| fc = 1 GHz                           | 1.2  | 1.2          | 1.0   | 0.8                      | 0.4  |
| fc = 2 GHz                           | 1.3  | 1.3          | 1.2   | 0.9                      | 0.4  |
| fc = 3 GHz                           | 1.8  | 1.9          | 1.7   | 1.0                      | 0.6  |
| fc = 4 GHz                           | 3.7  | 3.6          | 4.0   | 1.3                      | 1.0  |

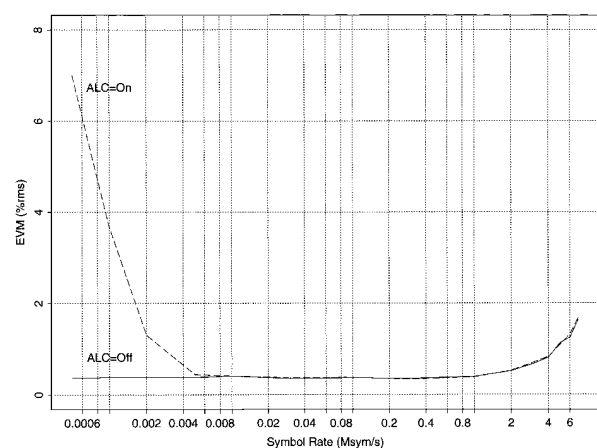
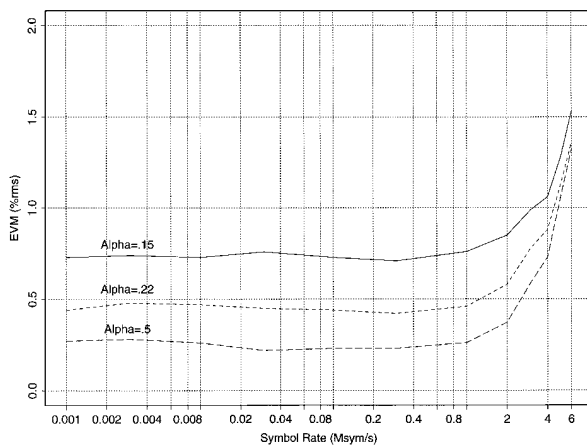
Typical performance (power levels  $\leq +4$  dBm [ $\leq +8$  dBm, Option UNB])

### PSK formats



Baseband EVM performance versus symbol rate  
(root Nyquist filter, modulation = QPSK)

RF EVM performance versus frequency  
(root Nyquist filter,  $a = 0.25$ , ALC = off, modulation =  $\pi/4$ QPSK)



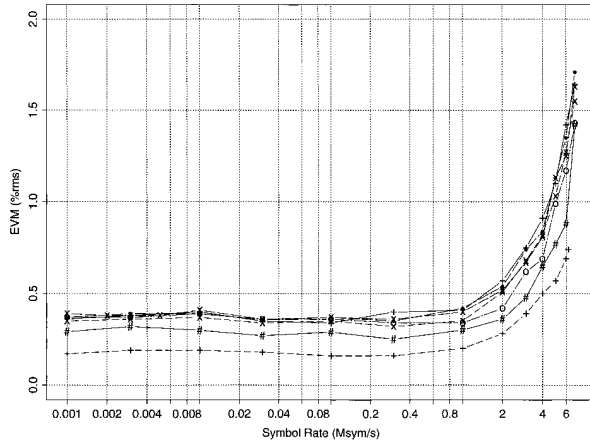
RF EVM performance versus symbol rate  
(fc = 1 GHz, root Nyquist filter, ALC = off, modulation = QPSK)

Effects of automatic level control (ALC) on EVM performance  
(fc = 1 GHz, root Nyquist filter,  $a = 0.25$ , modulation = QPSK)

1. Specifications apply at power levels  $\leq +4$  dBm, Option (UNB) with default scale factor of I/Q outputs.

# I/Q baseband generator (continued)

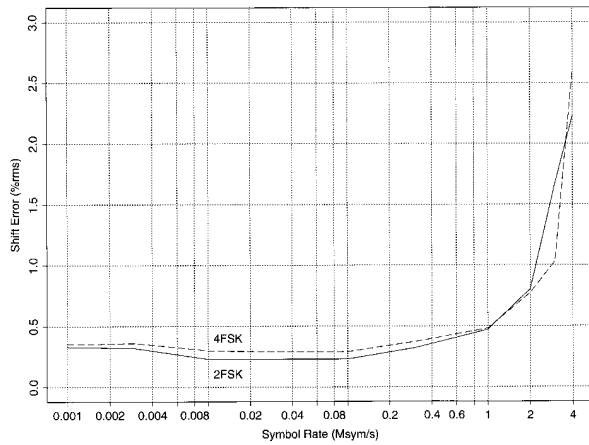
## Non-constant amplitude formats



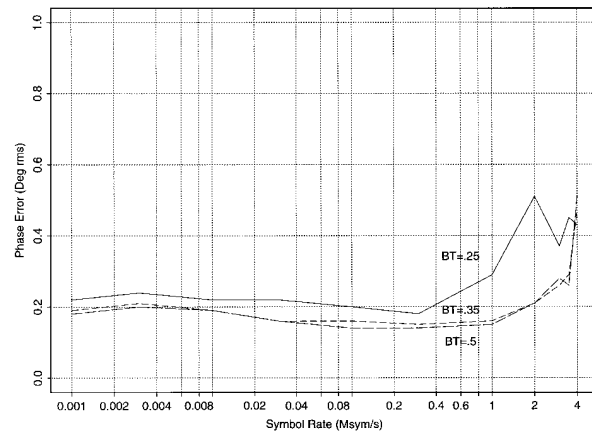
**RF EVM performance versus symbol rate**  
( $f_c = 1$  GHz, root Nyquist filter,  $\alpha = 0.25$ )

- + — BPSK
- X --- OQPSK
- —  $\pi/4$ DQPSK
- o — 8PSK
- # ..... 16QAM
- + - - - 256QAM
- x - - - QPSK

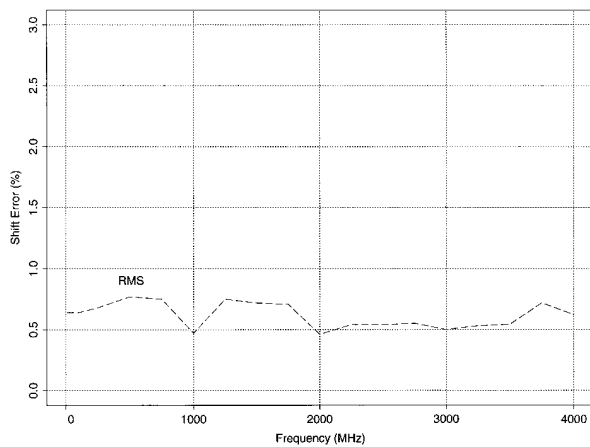
## FSK formats



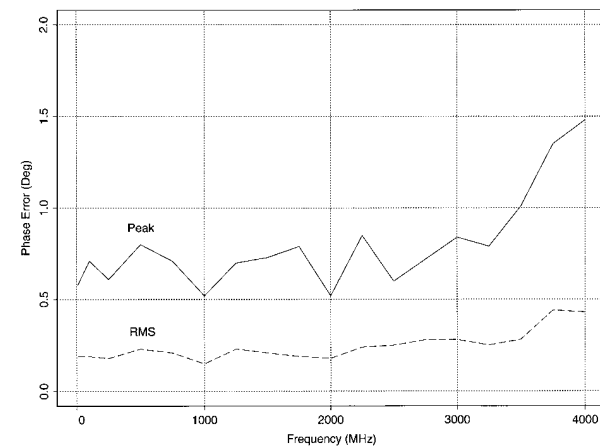
## MSK formats



**Shift error versus symbol rate**  
( $f_c = 1$  GHz, Gaussian filter,  $BbT = 0.5$ , modulation index = 0.5)



**Phase error versus symbol rate**  
( $f_c = 1$  GHz, Gaussian filter)



**Shift error versus frequency**  
(Gaussian filter,  $BbT = 0.5$ , modulation index = 0.5, symbol rate = 1 Msym/s)

**Phase error versus frequency**  
(Gaussian filter,  $BbT = 0.5$ , symbol rate = 1 Msym/s)

## Dual arbitrary waveform generator

(Option UND, ESG-DP and ESG-D series only)

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <i>Number of channels</i>  | 2  |
| <i>Resolution</i>  | 14 bits (1/16384)  |
| <i>Waveform memory</i>   |  |
| Length (playback)  | 1 Megasample/channel   |
| Length (storage)   | 1 Megasample/channel in non-volatile RAM                             |
| <i>Waveform segments</i>   |  |
| Segment length   | 16 samples to 1 Megasample   |
| Number of segments   | 1 to 128 (even number of samples)                                    |
| <i>Waveform sequences</i>  |  |
| Sequencing   | Continuously repeating   |
| Number of sequences  | 1 to 128   |
| Segments/sequence  | 1 to 65,535  |
| Segment repetitions  | 1 to 4,095   |
| <i>Clock</i>   |  |
| Sample rate  | 1 Hz to 40 MHz   |
| Resolution   | 1 Hz   |
| Accuracy   | Same as timebase   |
| <i>Output reconstruction filters</i>   |  |
| Type   | Elliptic   |
| Frequency cutoff (nominal, 3 dB)   | 250 kHz, 2.5 MHz, 8 MHz, and through (user-supplied external filter) |
| <i>Baseband spectral purity</i>  |  |
| (typical, full scale sinewave, >20 x oversampling)   |  |
| Harmonic distortion  |  |
| ≤100 kHz   | <-80 dBc   |
| 100 kHz to 2 MHz   | <-65 dBc   |
| Non-harmonic spurious (spur frequencies ≤10 MHz)   | <-80 dBc   |
| Phase noise (baseband output of 1 MHz sinewave at 20 kHz offset)   | <-120 dBc/Hz   |
| IM performance (two sinewaves at 950 kHz and 1050 kHz at baseband, full scale)   | <-69 dB  |
| <i>Triggers</i>  |  |
| Types  | Continuous, single, gated, segment advance                           |
| Source   | Trigger key, bus, external   |
| External polarity  | Negative, positive   |
| External delay time  | 2 μs to 3.6 ksec   |
| <i>Markers</i>   |  |
| (Markers are defined in a segment during the waveform generation process, or from the ESG front panel. A marker can also be tied to the RF blanking feature of the ESG.) |  |
| Marker polarity  | Negative, positive   |

## Bluetooth (UND)

|                                    |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Packet type                        | DH1  |
| Select                             |  |
| Bluetooth device address (BD_ADDR) | 12 Hex digits  |
| Active member address (AM_ADDR)    | 0 to 7   |
| Payload data                       | 8-bit repeating pattern<br>Truncated PN9<br>Continuous PN9 |
| Impairments                        |  |
| Frequency offset                   | -100 kHz to +100 kHz                                       |
| Resolution                         | 1 kHz  |
| Frequency drift/packet             |  |
| Linear or Sinusoidal               | -100 kHz to +100 kHz                                       |
| Resolution                         | 1 kHz  |
| Modulation index                   | 0.250 to 0.400   |
| Resolution                         | .001   |
| Symbol timing error                | -50 ppm to 50 ppm  |
| Resolution                         | 1 ppm  |
| AWGN with adjustable C/N           | -10 dB to -40 dB   |
| Resolution                         | 1 dB   |
| Burst                              | 1 to 10 #symbol/ramp                                       |
| Resolution                         | 1 symbol/ramp  |
| Clock/gate delay                   | 0 to 24999.9 symbols                                       |
| Resolution                         | 0.1 symbols  |

## Other formats (UND)

**NADC, PDC, PHS, GSM, DECT, TETRA, APC025, CDPD, PWT, EDGE and custom**

### Multicarrier

|                                |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Number of carriers             | Up to 64 (limited by a max bandwidth of 15 MHz) |
| Frequency offset (per carrier) | -7.5 MHz to +7.5 MHz                            |
| Power offset (per carrier)     | 0 dB to -40 dB                                  |

### Modulation

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| PSK             | BPSK, QPSK, OQPSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8PSK, 16PSK, D8PSK |
| QAM             | 4, 16, 32, 64, 256                                   |
| FSK             | Selectable: 2, 4, 8, 16                              |
| Level symmetric |  |
| MSK             |  |

### Data

Random ONLY  
(For external data, bursting and framing refer to real-time I/Q baseband generator, Option UN8)

### Multitone

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Number of tones   | 2 to 64, with selectable on/off state per tone |
| Frequency spacing | 100 Hz to 5 MHz                                |
| Bandwidth         | Up to 16 MHz, typical                          |
| Phase (per tone)  | 0 to 360 degrees                               |

### Additive white Gaussian noise

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| Bandwidth        | 50 kHz to 15 MHz                         |
| Waveform lengths | 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024 ksamples |
| Noise seeds      | Fixed, random                            |



# Multichannel, multicarrier CDMA personality

(Option UN5, ESG-DP and ESG-D series only)

**Chip (symbol) rate** 1.2288 MHz (default)  
Adjustable from 1 Hz to  
10 MHz with 4x oversampling

## Modulation

QPSK (forward) with Walsh and short code spreading  
Offset QPSK (reverse) with short code spreading of  
random data

## Pre-defined channel configurations

(power levels per IS-97-A)

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| Pilot channel   | Includes IS-95 modified filter, with equalizer  |
| 9 channel       | Includes pilot, paging, sync, 6 traffic and<br>IS-95 modified filter, with equalizer    |
| 32 channel      | Includes pilot, paging, sync, 29 traffic and<br>IS-95 modified filter, with equalizer   |
| 64 channel      | Includes pilot, 7 paging, sync, 55 traffic and<br>IS-95 modified filter, with equalizer |
| Reverse channel | Includes IS-95 filter   |

**Rho** 0.9996  
( $\leq 4$  dBm, IS-95 filter,  $\leq 2$  GHz, typical)

**Pilot time offset**  $\leq 2$   $\mu$ s, typical

## User-defined CDMA

Channel table editor

|                    |                      |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| Number of channels | 1 to 256             |
| Walsh codes        | 0 to 63              |
| Channel power      | 0 to -40 dB          |
| PN Offset          | 0 to 511             |
| Data               | 00-FF(HEX) or random |

## Walsh code power selection

IS-97 compliant  
Equal channel power  
Scaled to 0 dB  
User-defined

## IS-95 filter selection

IS-95  
IS-95 with equalizer  
IS-95 modified  
IS-95 modified with equalizer  
All are IS-95 compliant. "Modified" filters reduce spurious  
emissions for adjacent channel power measurements.

## Other FIR filters

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Nyquist, root Nyquist | $\alpha = 0$ to 1   |
| Gaussian              | $B_b T = 0.1$ to 1  |
| Custom FIR            | Up to 256 coefficients<br>16-bit resolution<br>Automatically scaled |

## Oversample ratio

|            |        |
|------------|--------|
| Range      | 2 to 8 |
| Resolution | 1      |

## Multicarrier

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Number of carriers | 3 or 4 (predefined),<br>up to 12 (user-defined)              |
| Carrier channels   | Pilot, 9 channel, 32 channel,<br>64 channel, reverse, custom |

|                                   |                |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| Frequency offset<br>(per carrier) | $\pm 7.5$ MHz  |
| Offset resolution                 | <100 Hz        |
| Carrier power<br>(per carrier)    | 0 dB to -40 dB |

## Clipping

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Clip location  | Pre or post FIR filter  |
| Clipping type  | $ I+jQ $ , $ I $ and $ Q $  |
| Clipping range | 10% to 100%   |
|                | (clip the modulation level to a<br>percentage of full scale. A level<br>of 100% equates to no clipping) |

## Multichannel CDMA spurious emissions<sup>1</sup>

(dBc, with high crest factor on)

| Channels/offsets                                   | 0.885 to 1.25 MHz |            |                       | 1.25 to 1.98 MHz |            |                       | 1.98 to 5 MHz <sup>2</sup> |            |                       |
|--|-------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|------------|-----------------------|
|  | Standard          | Option UNB | Option H99<br>(Rev B) | Standard         | Option UNB | Option H99<br>(Rev B) | Standard                   | Option UNB | Option H99<br>(Rev B) |
| <b>Reverse (at <math>\leq 0</math> dBm)</b>        |                   |            |                       |                  |            |                       |                            |            |                       |
| 30 – 200 MHz                                       | -66 (-72)         | -70 (-75)  | (-76)                 | (-76)            | (-78)      | (-77)                 | (-79)                      | (-79)      | (-79)                 |
| 700 – 1000 MHz                                     | -68 (-73)         | -72 (-76)  | -77 (-79)             | (-76)            | (-79)      | (-81)                 | (-79)                      | (-79)      | (-81)                 |
| 1000 – 2000 MHz                                    | -63 (-66)         | -70 (-74)  | -77 (-79)             | (-70)            | (-78)      | (-81)                 | (-79)                      | (-79)      | (-81)                 |
| <b>9/64 channels (at <math>\leq -2</math> dBm)</b> |                   |            |                       |                  |            |                       |                            |            |                       |
| 30 – 200 MHz                                       | -65 (-68)         | -68 (-71)  | (-69)                 | (-73)            | (-76)      | (-72)                 | (-78)                      | (-78)      | (-80)                 |
| 700 – 1000 MHz                                     | -64 (-70)         | -69 (-73)  | -73 (-76)             | (-75)            | (-77)      | (-78)                 | (-79)                      | (-79)      | (-81)                 |
| 1000 – 2000 MHz                                    | -60 (-63)         | -67 (-71)  | -71 (-74)             | (-68)            | (-75)      | (-77)                 | (-78)                      | (-78)      | (-81)                 |

1. Parentheses denote typical performance.

2. Specifications apply with high crest factor off.

## Bit Error Rate (BER) analyzer

(Option UN7, ESG-DP and ESG-D series only)

|                                       |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Clock rate</b>                     | 100 Hz to 10 MHz                              |
| <b>Supported data patterns</b>        | PN9 and PN15                                  |
| <b>Resolution</b>                     | 10 digits (6 digits for BER (exp))            |
| <b>Minimum synchronization length</b> |   |
| 2 Mbps mode                           | 9 bits (PN9), 15 bits (PN15)                  |
| 10 Mbps mode                          | 43 bits (PN9), 48 bits (PN15)                 |
| <b>Bit sequence length</b>            | 100 bits to 4.294 Gbits after synchronization |

### Features

|                                | 2 Mbps mode | 10 Mbps mode |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| Real-time display              |             |              |
| Bit count                      | X           | X            |
| Error-bit-count                | X           |              |
| Bit error rate                 | X           |              |
| Pass/fail indication           | X           | X            |
| Valid data and clock detection | X           | X            |
| Automatic re-synchronization   | X           |              |
| Special pattern ignore         | X           |              |

|                                      |   |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Minimum power level                  | -136 dBm (ESG minimum)  |
| Maximum power level                  | +13 dBm (ESG maximum)   |
| Power level accuracy                 | ±0.5 dB (23° ± 50 °C)   |
| Relative power level                 | 0 to ±130 dB relative to timeslot under test. (Limited only by output power range of the ESG. Based on Option UNA specification.) |
| Timeslot under test timeslots tested | 0 to 7<br>A single timeslot is tested at one time. (No frequency hopping.)  |
| Encryption                           | None  |
| Measurement triggers                 | Immediate, trigger key, bus, external   |
| Measurement indication               | Pass/fail   |
| BCH sync                             | BCH signal from the BTS is used to determine TCH frame and multiframe location.   |
| Threshold                            | Termination of measurement when error count exceeds user specified threshold.   |

## GSM/EDGE base station Bit Error Rate Test (BERT)

(ESG-D series only)

(Option 300 requires Option UN8 revision C or better.)

Option UNA is highly recommended. The following are required:

### GSM BTS test only

E4406A VSA-series transmitter tester with Options BAH (EDGE measurement personality) and 300 Rev. A (321.4 MHz output).

### GSM/EDGE BTS test

E4406A VSA-series transmitter tester with Option 202 (GSM and EDGE measurement personality) and Option 300 Rev. B (321.4 MHz output). ESG firmware Option 202, EDGE personality, is also required. To upgrade from Option 300 Rev. A to Option 300 Rev. B requires new hardware.

See configuration guide for a bundled ordering convenience.

**Test technique** RF loopback

### Supported systems

GSM 400  
GSM 850  
GSM 900 (P-GSM)  
DCS 1800  
PCS 1900  
E-GSM (extended)

### GSM output data

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Channel content Data    | Full-rate speech (FS)<br>PN9, PN15 coded as per ETSI GSM, 05.03 version 3.6.1 (Oct 94). |
| Frame structure         | 26-frame TCH multiframe structure as per ETSI GSM, 05.01 version 6.1.1 (1998-07).       |
| Adjacent timeslots Data | PN9, PN15 coded as per ETSI, GSM, 05.03 version 3.6.1 (Oct 94).                         |
| Frame structure         | 26-frame TCH multiframe structure as per ETSI GSM, 5.01 version 6.1.1 (1998-07).        |

1. Perch power level is 3 dB below DPCH power.  
2. DPCCCH power level is 6 dB below DPDCH power.

## Measurements

Results

Class Ib bit-error ratio (RBER for TCH/FS)  
 Class II bit-error ratio (RBER for TCH/FS)  
 Frame erasure ratio (FER)  
 Downlink error frame count  
 Class Ib bit-error count  
 Class II bit-error count  
 Erased frame count  
 Total frame count

Maximum RBER 100%  
 Maximum FER 100%

Measurement modes  
 Static reference  
 Sensitivity test (BER%)

RBER at user-specified power level measured. (This is the complete conformance test as defined in pri-ETS 300 609-1 (GSM 11.21) version 4.12.0 (Dec 98), section 7.3.4.

BER sensitivity search

Automatically finds the input level (sensitivity) that causes a user specified RBER (normally 2%) for class II bits.

Maximum frame count 6,000,000 speech frames

## EDGE/EGPRS output data

Channel content Continuous PN9 or PN15 Sequence for raw BER  
 Continuous PN9 or PN15 Sequence on header and data payload.

Data Fully coded MCS-5 and MCS-9; channel coding provided on PN9 or PN15 for data payload. Coding is done on frames 0 – 11, 13-24, 26-37, 39-50 on a 52 PDCH multiframe. The selected signal pattern is inserted continuously across the full payload.

Frame structure 52-frame multiframe structure for EDGE/EGPRS channel as per ETSI GSM 05.01 release 99. Frames 12, 25, 38 and 51 are empty (no burst).

Adjacent timeslots  
 Data

Continuous uncoded PN9, PN15 or coded MCS-5 or MCS-9 with PN9 or PN15 sequence data payload.  
 Note: Maximum of 4 timeslots can be turned on with EDGE/EGPRS multiframe coded data.

Frame structure

EDGE/EGPRS PDCH multiframe. Repeating EDGE frame.

## Measurements

Results

Payload bit error count/rate for raw BER.  
 Total burst count for raw BER.  
 Erased data block count/rate for coded channel (MCS-5 or MCS-9).  
 Total data block count for coded channel (MCS-5 or MCS-9).  
 Data block count which contains residual bit errors and bit error count.

Measurement modes  
 static reference  
 sensitivity test (BER%)

BER at user-specified power level measured; based on bit errors in total unencoded data.

Sensitivity search

BER/BLER

## Baseband BER (Bit Error Rate) tester (Included with Option 300; cannot be ordered separately.)

*Clock rate* 100 Hz to 10 MHz

*Supported data patterns* PN9 and PN15

*Resolution* 10 digits (6 digits for BER (exp))

*Minimum synchronization length*  
 2 Mbps mode 9 bits (PN9), 15 bits (PN15)  
 10 Mbps mode 43 bits (PN9), 48 bits (PN15)

*Bit sequence length* 100 bits to 4.294 Gbits after synchronization

## Features

|                                | 2 Mbps mode | 10 Mbps mode |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| Real-time display              |             |              |
| Bit count                      | X           | X            |
| Error-bit-count                | X           |              |
| Bit error rate                 | X           |              |
| Pass/fail indication           | X           | X            |
| Valid data and clock detection | X           | X            |
| Automatic re-synchronization   | X           |              |
| Special pattern ignore         | X           |              |

# Multichannel Multicarrier 3GPP W-CDMA personality

(Option 100, ESG-DP and ESG-D series only)

Supports R99 March 2001 3GPP W-CDMA standard. Provides partially coded data for component test applications.

**Chip rates** 3.84 Mcchips/sec  $\pm$  10%

**Frame duration** 10 ms

## Filters

W-CDMA  $\alpha = 0.22$   
 Nyquist, root Nyquist  $\alpha = 0$  to 1  
 Gaussian  $B_0T = 0$  to 1  
 IS-95  
 IS-2000  
 Custom FIR Up to 256 coefficients, 16-bit resolution  
 Rectangle  
 APCO 25 c4FM  
 Reconstruction filters 250 kHz, 2.5 MHz  
 8.0 MHz, and through

**I/Q mapping** Normal, invert

## Clipping

Clip location Pre-or post-FIR filter  
 Clipping type  $|I+jQ|$ ,  $|I|$  and  $|Q|$   
 Clipping range 10% to 100%  
 (Clip the modulation level to a percentage of full scale. A level of 100% equates to no clipping.)

## Downlink

Modulation QPSK  
 Pre-defined channel configurations (partially coded)  
 1 DPCH  
 3 DPCH  
 PCCPCH + SCH  
 PCCPCH + SCH + 1 DPCH  
 PCCPCH + SCH + 3 DPCH  
 Test Model 1 with 16, 32, or 64 DPCH  
 Test Model 2  
 Test Model 3 with 16 or 32 DPCH  
 User-defined channel parameters  
 Symbol rates 7.5, 15, 30, 60, 120, 240, 480, or 960 kbps  
 Number of channels Up to 512  
 Spreading code 0 to 511  
 Channel power 0 to -40 dB, 0.02 dB resolution  
 tDPCH offset 0 to 149  
 Scrambling code 0 to 511  
 Scramble types Standard, left alternate, right alternate  
 Data pattern Random, 00 to FF (HEX), PN9  
 TPC power -20 to 20 dB relative to channel power  
 TPC value 0-5555  
 TFCI field On / Off  
 TFCI value 0-1023  
 TFCI power -20 to 20 dB relative to channel power  
 Pilot power -20 to 20 dB relative to channel power  
 Pilot bits 4 or 8

## Channel Types

(downlink) PICH, OCNS, PCCPCH, PSCH, SSCH  
 CPICH, DPCH  
 (uplink) DPCCH, DPDCH

## Multicarrier

Number of carriers Up to 4 (user defined, individually configurable)  
 Frequency offset (per carrier) Up to  $\pm 7.5$  MHz  
 Offset resolution <1 Hz  
 Carrier power (per carrier) 0 dB to -40 dB

## Uplink

Modulation OCQPSK (HPSK)  
 Pre-defined channel configurations (partially coded)  
 1 DPCCH 15 kbps, spread code 0  
 DPCCH<sup>2</sup> + 1 DPDCH 960 kbps, spread code 1  
 DPCCH<sup>2</sup> + 2 DPDCH 960 kbps, spread code 1  
 DPCCH<sup>2</sup> + 3 DPDCH 960 kbps, spread code 2  
 DPCCH + 4 DPDCH 960 kbps, spread code 2  
 DPCCH + 5 DPDCH 960 kbps, spread code 3  
 User-defined channel parameters  
 Symbol rates 15, 30, 60, 120, 240, 480, or 960 kbps  
 Number of DPDCH channels 6  
 Spreading code 0 to 511, symbol rate  
 Scrambling code 1 to 1FFFFFFFFF, common for all channels  
 Second DPDCH orientation I or Q  
 Channel power 0 to -60 dB  
 Data pattern Random, 00 to FF (HEX), PN9  
 FBI bits 0-2

## Error vector magnitude

1.8 GHz <  $f_c$  < 2.2 GHz, default W-CDMA filters, 3.84 Mcps chip rate,  $\leq 4$  dBm, ( $\leq 7$  dBm with Option UNB)  
 1 DPCH 2.3%, typical

## Adjacent channel power<sup>1,2</sup>

1.8 GHz <  $f_c$  < 2.2 GHz, default W-CDMA filters, 3.84 Mcps chip rate,  $\leq -2$  dBm, ( $\leq 0$  dBm with Option H99), 5 MHz offset

|                        | Electronic attenuator (standard) | Mechanical attenuator (Option UNB) | Low ACP (Option H99 Rev B) |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 DPCH                 | (-58 dBc)                        | (-58 dBc)                          | -65 (-67 dBc)              |
| Test Model 1 + 64 DPCH | (-50 dBc)                        | (-55 dBc)                          | -61 (-64 dBc)              |

## Alternate channel power<sup>1,2</sup>

1.8 GHz <  $f_c$  < 2.2 GHz, default W-CDMA filters, 3.84 Mcps chip rate,  $\leq -2$  dBm (0 dBm with Option H99 and baseband filter ON), 10 MHz offset

|                        | Low ACP (Option H99) |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| 1 DPCH                 | -70 (-73 dBc)        |
| Test model 1 + 64 DPCH | -66 (-68 dBc)        |

1. Parentheses denote typical performance.  
 2. Valid for 23  $\pm$  5 °C.

# Multichannel cdma2000 personality

(Option 101, ESG-DP and ESG-D series only)

This personality conforms to cdma2000 specification revision 8. Provides partially coded data for component test applications.

|                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <b>Spreading rate</b>         | 1x (SR1), 3x (SR3)   |
| <b>IS-95 filter selection</b> | IS-95<br>IS-95 with equalizer<br>IS-95 modified<br>IS-95 modified with equalizer |

All are IS-95 compliant. "Modified" filters reduce spurious emissions for adjacent channel power measurements.

## Other FIR filters

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Nyquist, root Nyquist | $\alpha = 0$ to 1   |
| Gaussian              | $B_b T = 0.1$ to 1  |
| Custom FIR            | Up to 256 coefficients<br>16-bit resolution<br>automatically scaled |

Rectangle

|                    |                |
|--------------------|----------------|
| <b>I/Q mapping</b> | Normal, invert |
|--------------------|----------------|

## Clipping

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Clip location  | Pre- or post-FIR filter   |
| Clipping type  | $ I+jQ $ , $ I $ and $ Q $  |
| Clipping range | 10% to 100%<br>(clip the modulation level to a percentage of full scale. A level of 100% equates to no clipping.) |

|                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Multicarrier                   | Up to 12 (user defined, individually configured) |
| Frequency offset (per carrier) | -7.5 MHz to +7.5 MHz                             |
| Power offset                   | 0 dB to -40 dB                                   |

## Forward link

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Spreading type                                       | Direct spread (DS), multicarrier   |
| Pre-defined channel configurations (partially coded) |  |
| Pilot channel, DS/SR1                                | Pilot at Walsh 0   |
| Pilot channel, DS/SR3                                | Pilot at Walsh 0   |
| Pilot channel, Multicarrier/SR3                      | Pilot at Walsh 0   |
| 9 channel, DS/SR1                                    | Radio configuration 3<br>Pilot at 9.6 kbps, paging at 9.6 kbps, sync at 1.2 kbps, two fundamental channels at 9.6 kbps, and four supplemental channels at 153.6 kbps |

9 channel, DS or Multicarrier/SR3

Radio configuration 6  
Pilot at 9.6 kbps, sync at 1.2 kbps, three fundamental channels at 9.6 kbps, and four supplemental channels at 153.6 kbps

## User-defined cdma2000

|                                 |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Channel types (partially coded) | Pilot, paging (SR1 only), sync, fundamental, and supplemental  |
| Radio configuration             | SR1: 1 to 5<br>SR3: 6 to 9   |
| Data rate                       | 1.2 kbps to 1036.8 kbps, depends on the selected radio configuration   |
| Walsh code                      | Pilot and sync have fixed codes, Walsh 0 and 32. Other channels have codes selected from specific ranges depending on the radio configuration chosen |
| Channel power                   | 0 to -40 dB  |
| PN offsets                      | 0 to 511   |
| Data pattern                    | 00-FF(HEX) or random   |

## Reverse link

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Spreading type                                       | Direct spread only   |
| Pre-defined channel configurations (partially coded) |  |
| Pilot channel, SR1                                   | Pilot at Walsh 0   |
| 5 channel, (SR1 or SR3)                              | Includes pilot, dedicated control channel, traffic RC3 at 9.6 kbps, and two supplemental RC3 at 153.6 kbps |
| User-defined cdma2000                                |  |
| Channel type (partially coded)                       | Pilot, dedicated control channel, fundamental, and supplemental  |
| Radio configuration <sup>4</sup>                     | 1 to 6   |
| Data rate  | 1.2 kbps to 1036.8 kbps, depends on the selected radio configuration                                       |
| Channel power  | 0 to -40 dB  |
| Data pattern   | 00-FF(HEX) or random   |

## EVM

<2.1%  
(825 to 2100 MHz, SR3 pilot, IS-95 filter, which is optimized for EVM, typical)

# Multichannel cdma2000 spurious emissions<sup>1</sup>

(dBc, with high crest factor on IS95 modified with equalizer filter and amplitude = ≤0 dBm)

| Channels/offsets                                       | Offsets from center of carrier |                       |                  |                       |                             |                       |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
|  | 2.135 to 2.50 MHz              |                       | 2.50 to 3.23 MHz |                       | 3.23 to 10 MHz <sup>2</sup> |                       |
|  | Standard                       | Option H99 revision B | Standard         | Option H99 revision B | Standard                    | Option H99 revision B |
| <b>Forward 9 channel, SR3/multicarrier<sup>3</sup></b> |                                |                       |                  |                       |                             |                       |
| 30 – 200 MHz   | (-68)                          | (-69)                 | (-66)            | (-68)                 | (-69)                       | (-70)                 |
| 700 – 1000 MHz   | (-69)                          | (-73)                 | (-68)            | (-72)                 | (-70)                       | (-75)                 |
| 1000 – 2000 MHz  | (-61)                          | (-73)                 | (-61)            | (-73)                 | (-64)                       | (-75)                 |

| Channels/offsets                             | Offsets from center of carrier |            |                  |            |                             |            |
|--|--------------------------------|------------|------------------|------------|-----------------------------|------------|
|  | 2.655 to 3.75 MHz              |            | 3.75 to 5.94 MHz |            | 5.94 to 10 MHz <sup>2</sup> |            |
|  | Standard                       | Option H99 | Standard         | Option H99 | Standard                    | Option H99 |
| <b>Forward 9 channel, SR3/DS<sup>4</sup></b> |                                |            |                  |            |                             |            |
| 30 – 200 MHz                                 | (-75)                          | (-74)      | (-76)            | (-75)      | (-77)                       | (-78)      |
| 700 – 1000 MHz                               | (-76)                          | (-79)      | (-78)            | (-82)      | (-78)                       | (-82)      |
| 1000 – 2000 MHz                              | (-68)                          | (-79)      | (-72)            | (-82)      | (-78)                       | (-82)      |
| <b>Reverse 5 channel, SR3/DS<sup>3</sup></b> |                                |            |                  |            |                             |            |
| 30 – 200 MHz                                 | (-77)                          | (-77)      | (-77)            | (-75)      | (-76)                       | (-79)      |
| 700 – 1000 MHz                               | (-77)                          | (-80)      | (-78)            | (-82)      | (-78)                       | (-82)      |
| 1000 – 2000 MHz                              | (-71)                          | (-81)      | (-72)            | (-82)      | (-78)                       | (-82)      |

1. Parentheses denote typical performance.
2. Excluding 10 MHz reference clock spur (≤-67 dBc, typical).
3. Measurements performed with 30 kHz bandwidth relative to power in one carrier.
4. Measurements performed with 30 kHz bandwidth relative to total power.

# Real-time 3GPP<sup>1</sup> W-CDMA personality

(Option 200, ESG-DP and ESG-D series only)

## Description

Option 200 W-CDMA personality adds a flexible solution for W-CDMA mobile and base station test to Agilent ESG-D and ESG-DP (high spectral purity) series RF signal generators. Conformance testing can be carried out as the W-CDMA signals generated comply with the 3GPP specification. Signals are fully coded in both forward and reverse modes to provide complete testing of receivers.

## Channel types generated

Primary Synchronization (PSCH), Secondary Synchronization (SSCH), Primary Common Control (P-CCPCH), Common Pilot (CPICH), Dedicated Physical (DPCH), Page Indication (PICH), Orthogonal Channel Noise Source (OCNS), Dedicated Physical Control Channel (DPCCH), Dedicated Physical Data Channel (DPDCH)

## BTS setup

### FIR filter

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| Root Nyquist, Nyquist | a = 0 to 1                                   |
| Gaussian              | $B_b T = 0$ to 1                             |
| User defined FIR      | Up to 256 coefficients,<br>16-bit resolution |

### Chip rate

1 kcps to 4.25 Mcps

### Primary scramble code

0 to 511

## Downlink channel configurations

(Up to 4 channels can be configured simultaneously. With a two ESG setup, an additional four channels may be configured.)

### PSCH

|       |             |
|-------|-------------|
| Power | -40 to 0 dB |
|-------|-------------|

### SSCH

|                     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| Power               | -40 to 0 dB                                   |
| Scramble code group | 0 to 63 (coupled to primary<br>scramble code) |

### P-CCPCH

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Power             | -40 to 0 dB                                      |
| OVSF              | 0 to 255   |
| Transport channel | BCH coding                                       |
| Data field        | PN9, PN15, 4-bit repeating<br>pattern, user file |

### CPICH

|       |             |
|-------|-------------|
| Power | -40 to 0 dB |
|-------|-------------|

### DPCH

|   |   |
|---|---|
| Reference measurement channels <sup>1</sup> | 12.2, 64,144, 384 kbps  |
| Transport layer (DCH) control               | (Up to 6 DCH's for each DPCH)<br>block size, Transport Time Interval (TTI), rate matching, CRC size, transport channel number |
| Data Coding                                 | PN9, FIX4, user file<br>none, convolutional 1/2,<br>convolutional 1/3, turbo  |
| Physical layer control                      |   |
| Power                                       | -40 to 0 dB   |
| Symbol rate                                 | 7.5, 15, 30, 60, 120, 240, 480,<br>960 Ksps   |
| OVSF  | 0 to 511 (dependent on channel<br>symbol rate)  |
| Slot format                                 | 0 to 16 (dependent on channel<br>symbol rate)   |
| TFCH pattern                                | 10-bit user defined input pattern<br>(converted to 30-bit code word<br>with Reed-Mueller coding)                              |
| TPC pattern                                 | Ramp up/down N number of<br>times (N = 1 to 80), all up,<br>all down  |
| $\tau$ DPCH offset                          | 0 to 149  |
| Secondary scramble code offset              | 0 to 15   |
| Data  | PN9, PN15, 4-bit repeating<br>pattern, user file, transport<br>channel  |

### PICH

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| Power | -40 to 0 dB                                      |
| OVSF  | 0 to 511   |
| Data  | PN9, PN15, user file, 4-bit<br>repeating pattern |

### OCNS

|                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Power                          | -40 to 0 dB                                    |
| Symbol rate                    | 7.5, 15, 30, 60, 120, 240, 480,<br>960 Ksps    |
| OVSF                           | 0 to 511 (Dependent on channel<br>symbol rate) |
| Data                           | PN9, PN15                                      |
| Secondary scramble code offset | 0 to 15  |

1. Supports R99 December 2000 3GPP W-CDMA standard.

## User equipment (UE) setup

### FIR filter

|                       |             |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Root Nyquist, Nyquist | a=0 to 1    |
| Gaussian              | BbT= 0 to 1 |

### Chip rate

1 kcps to 4.25 Mcps

### Primary scrambling code

0 to 16777215

### Secondary scrambling offset

0 to 15

## Uplink synchronization signal setup

|                          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| Timing offset range:     | Timing offset 512 to 2560 chips<br>Slot delay 0 to 119 slots                  |
| Synchronization signal   | System Frame Number (SFN) reset<br>or frame clock                             |
| Frame clock interval     | 10 ms, 20 ms, 40 ms, 80 ms  |
| Frame clock polarity     | Positive, negative  |
| SFN RST polarity         | Positive, negative  |
| Sync trigger mode        | Single, continuous<br>BBG data clock (chip clock) setup<br>internal, external |
| External clock rate:     | x 1 (3.84 MHz), x 2 (7.68 MHz) x 4 (15.36 MHz)                                |
| External clock polarity: | Positive, negative  |

## Uplink channel configurations

### Pre-set channel type

Reference measurement channel: 12.2 kbps, 64 kbps, 144 kbps,  
384 kbps (3GPP Std 25.141 v3.2)  
UDI 64 k (ISG typical radio parameter sets, version 1.2)  
AMR 12.2 k (ISG typical radio parameter sets, version 1.2)

### User defined channels

One DPCCH, one DPDCH, up to 6 transport channels

### DPCCH (Dedicated Physical Control Channel)

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Power             | -40 to 0 dB   |
| Beta              | 0 to 15 (coupled to power)  |
| Channel code      | 0 to 255  |
| TFCl pattern      | PN9, PN15, 0 to 03FF hex, user file   |
| TFCl state        | (Depends on slot format)  |
| Symbol rate       | 15 ksps (Non adjustable)  |
| FBI pattern       | PN9, PN15, 0 to 3FFFFFFF hex, user file   |
| FBI state         | (Depends on slot format)  |
| Slot format       | 0 to 5  |
| Interleaver       | On (non adjustable)   |
| TPC pattern       | PN9, PN15, 4-bit repeating pattern,<br>user file, up/down, down/up, all up,<br>all down |
| TPC pattern steps | 1 to 80   |

### DPDCH (Dedicated Physical Data Channel)

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| Power        | Off, -40 to 0 dB  |
| Beta         | 0 to 15 (coupled to power)  |
| Channel code | 0 to 255 (maximum value depends<br>on symbol rate/slot format)      |
| Data         | PN9, PN15, 4-bit repeating pattern,<br>user file, transport channel |
| Symbol rate  | 15, 30, 60, 120, 240, 480, 960 ksps<br>depending on slot format     |
| Slot format  | 0 to 6  |

### Transport channel setup

|                          |  |
|--------------------------|--|
| Block size               | 0 to 5000  |
| Number of blocks         | 0 to 4095  |
| Coding                   | 1/2 convolutional, 1/3 convolutional,<br>turbo, none |
| TTI                      | 10 ms, 20 ms, 40 ms, and 80 mSec                     |
| Data                     | PN9, 4-bit repeating pattern, user file              |
| Rate matching attributes | 1 to 256   |
| CRC size                 | 0, 8, 12, 16, 24                                     |
| Error insertion          | BLER or BER, or none                                 |
| BLER (Block Error Rate)  | 0 to 1 (resolution 0.001)                            |
| BER (Bit Error Rate)     | 0 to 1 (resolution 0.0001)                           |
| Bits frame               | Automatically calculated                             |

### Input

Synchronization signal (SFN RST or frame clock): Pattern trigger  
in BBG data clock (chip clock): data clock in

### Output

Chip clock out (3.84 MHz): Data clock out  
Frame timing out: system sync out  
DPDCH (I) symbol data: event1 out  
DPDCH (I) symbol clock: event2 out  
DPCCH (Q) symbol data: data out



# Real-time cdma2000 personality

(Option 201, ESG-DP and ESG-D series only)

## Description

Option 201, cdma2000 personality, adds a flexible solution for cdma2000 mobile and base station test to Agilent Technologies ESG-D and ESG-DP (high spectral purity) series RF signal generators. Option 201 is a firmware personality that requires Option UN8, (hardware revision C or greater), real-time baseband generator to be installed in the ESG. The fully coded nature of this solution in both forward and reverse mode supports long and short codes, cyclic redundancy checks, convolutional or turbo encoding, interleaving, power control, and complex scrambling. Additional capabilities allow flexible channel configurations with individually adjustable power levels and data rates, customizable user data, and variable chip rates. The option is backwards compatible with IS-95A, in both the base station and mobile simulation modes, through support of radio configuration 1 and 2.

## Global controls across all channels

|                   |             |
|-------------------|-------------|
| Channel power     | 0 to -40 dB |
| I/Q voltage scale | 0 to -40 dB |

## Forward channel configurations

### Channel types generated

Up to four channels simultaneously, of any of the following

- Pilot
- Paging
- Sync
- F-Fundamental
- F-Supplemental
- OCNS

### BNC MUX outputs

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| Event 1         | Delayed even second, 20 ms trig delay, 80 ms trig delay, offset 80 ms trig, 25 ms clock, page enable sync, offset 80 ms sync |
| Data out        | PC ramp, Yi FFCH, Yq FFCH, FPCH W, Sync W, FPCH X, 25 ms clock   |
| Data clock out  | Chip clock, 19.2 clock, 38.4 clock, offset 80 ms trig, forward channel clock, forward channel I clock, forward channel       |
| Q clock         |  |
| Symbol sync out | Even second, FPCH page, page sync, FFCH page, 20 ms trig delay, FFCH frame sync, PN sync                                     |

### BTS setup

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Filter            | Root Nyquist, Nyquist, Gaussian, IS-95, IS-95 w/ EQ, IS-95 MOD, IS-95 MOD w/ EQ, rectangle, APCO 25 C4FM, user file |
| Spread rate       | 1   |
| PN offset         | 0-511   |
| Chip rate         | 50 cps-1.3 Mcps   |
| Even second delay | 0.5 to 128 chips  |
| Long code state   | 0 to 3FFFFFFFF  |

### Pilot channel

|       |                    |
|-------|--------------------|
| Walsh | 0 (non-adjustable) |
|-------|--------------------|

### Sync channel

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| Walsh | 0 to 63  |
| Data  | Free editing of the following fields: SID, NID, F-synch type, Sys_Time, PRAT, LTM_Off, Msg_Type, P_REV, MIN_P_REV, LP_SEC, DAYLT, CDMA Freq, ext CDMA freq, and Reserved |

### Paging channel

|                |                                    |
|----------------|------------------------------------|
| Walsh          | 0 to 63                            |
| Data           | Default paging message or userfile |
| Long code mask | 0-3FFFFFFFFh                       |
| Rate           | 4.8 or 9.6 kbps                    |

### Fundamental channel

|                     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| Radio configuration | 1 to 5  |
| Walsh               | 0 to 63   |
| Data rate           | 1.2 to 14.4 kbps, depending on radio configuration                    |
| Data                | PN9, PN15, userfile, external serial data, or predefined bit patterns |
| Long code mask      | 0-3FFFFFFFFh  |
| Power control       | N up/down, "N" may be set from 1 to 80                                |
| Power puncture      | 0n/off  |
| Frame offset        | 0 (non-adjustable)  |
| Frame length        | 20 ms (non-adjustable)  |

### Supplemental channel

Same channel configuration as fundamental, except:

|                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| Radio configuration | 3 to 5   |
| Walsh               | 0-63, depending on RC and data rate                    |
| Data rate           | 19.2 to 307.2 kbps, depending on radio configuration   |
| Turbo coding        | May be selected for data rates from 28.8 to 153.6 kbps |
| Power control       | Not provided   |
| Power puncture      | Not provided   |

### OCNS channel

|       |         |
|-------|---------|
| Walsh | 0 to 63 |
|-------|---------|

### Inputs

|               |   |
|---------------|---|
| External data | Can be selected for one channel, either fundamental or supplemental |
|---------------|---|

### Outputs

Various timing signals such as chip clock and even second

## Reverse channel configurations

IS-95 is supported using RC1 or RC2 which utilizes a single, selectable channel type:

Reverse Access Control Channel (R-ACH)  
Reverse Fundamental Channel (R-FCH)  
Reverse Supplemental Channel (R-SCH)

IS-2000 features are supported using RC3 or RC4. The channel types consist of the following:

Reverse Pilot Channel (R-PICH) (with or without gating)  
Reverse Dedicated Control Channel (R-DCCH)  
Reverse Common Control Channel (R-CCCH)  
Reverse Enhanced Access Channel (R-EACH)  
Reverse Fundamental Channel (R-FCH)  
Reverse Supplemental Channel (R-SCH)

### BNC MUX outputs

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| Event 1         | Delayed even second, PN sync  |
| Data out        | Long code, pilot, coded RSCH, coded RDCCH, coded RFCH, coded RCCCH, coded REACH, Zi, Zq |
| Data clock out  | Chip clock, 5 ms, 10 ms, 20 ms, 40 ms, 80 ms  |
| Symbol sync out | Even second, long code sync   |

### Mobile set-up

|                     |                              |
|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Radio configuration | 1 to 4                       |
| Trigger advance     | 1 to 2457599                 |
| Trigger edge        | Rising, falling              |
| Long code state     | 0 to 3FFF FFFF FFFF FFFF hex |
| Long code mask      | 0 to 3FFF FFFF FFFF FFFF hex |

### Radio configurations 1<sup>1</sup> and 2<sup>1</sup>

Reverse Access Channel (RACH)

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| Data         | PN9, PN15, fixed 4 bit pattern, user file |
| Data rate    | 4.8 kbps                                  |
| Frame length | 20  |
| Frame offset | 0 to 15                                   |

Reverse Fundamental Channel (R-FCH)

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| Data         | PN9, PN15, fixed 4 bit pattern, user file   |
| Data rate    | 1.2 kbps, 2.4 kbps, 4.8 kbps, 9.6 kbps for RC1<br>1.8 kbps, 3.6 kbps, 7.2 kbps, 14.4 kbps for RC2 |
| Frame length | 20 mSec   |
| Frame offset | 0 to 15   |

Reverse Supplemental Channel 0 (R-SCH)

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| Turbo coding | On/off  |
| Data         | PN9, PN15, fixed 4 bit pattern, user file   |
| Data rate    | 1.2 kbps, 2.4 kbps, 4.8 kbps, 9.6 kbps for RC1<br>1.8 kbps, 3.6 kbps, 7.2 kbps, 14.4 kbps for RC2 |
| Frame length | 20 mSec   |
| Frame offset | 0 to 15   |

### Radio configurations 3 and 4

Reverse Pilot Channel (R-PICH)

|             |                     |
|-------------|---------------------|
| Walsh code  | 0 (non adjustable)  |
| Gating rate | Quarter, half, full |
| PCB data    | 0 to FFFF hex       |

Reverse Dedicated Control Channel (R-DCCH)

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| Walsh code   | 0 to 15   |
| Data         | PN9, PN15, fixed 4 bit pattern, user file   |
| Frame length | 5 or 20 mSec  |
| Data rate    | For frame length = 5<br>9.6 kbps, for RC 3 or 4<br>For frame length = 20<br>9.6 kbps for RC 3 and 14.4 kbps for RC4 |
| Frame offset | (0 to frame length/1.25) -1   |

Reverse Fundamental Channel (R-FCH)

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| Walsh code   | 0 to 15  |
| Data         | PN9, PN15, fixed 4 bit pattern, user file  |
| Frame length | 5 or 20 mSec   |
| Data rate    | For frame length = 5<br>9.6 kbps, for RC 3 or 4<br>For frame length = 20<br>1.5, 2.7, 4.8, and 9.6 kbps for RC 3<br>1.8, 3.6, 7.2, and 14.4 kbps for RC4 |
| Frame offset | (0 to frame length/1.25) -1  |

Reverse Supplemental Channel 0 (R-SCH0)

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| Walsh code   | 0 to 7   |
| Data         | PN9, PN15, fixed 4 bit pattern, user file  |
| Frame length | 20, 40 or 80 mSec  |
| Data rate    | For frame length = 20<br>1.5, 2.7, 4.8, 9.6, 19.2 <sup>2</sup> , 38.4 <sup>2</sup> , 76.8 <sup>2</sup> , 153.6 <sup>2</sup> , 307.2 kbps for RC 3<br>1.8, 3.6, 7.2, 14.4, 28.8 <sup>2</sup> , 57.6 <sup>2</sup> , 115.2 <sup>2</sup> , 230.4 kbps for RC4<br>For frame length = 40<br>1.35, 2.4, 4.8, 9.6, 19.2 <sup>2</sup> , 38.4 <sup>2</sup> , 76.8 <sup>2</sup> , 153.6 <sup>2</sup> kbps for RC 3<br>1.8, 3.6, 7.2, 14.4 <sup>2</sup> , 28.8 <sup>2</sup> , 57.6 <sup>2</sup> , 115.2 <sup>2</sup> kbps for RC4<br>For frame length = 80<br>1.2, 2.4, 4.8, 9.6, 19.2 <sup>2</sup> , 38.4 <sup>2</sup> , 76.8 <sup>2</sup> , kbps for RC 3<br>1.8, 3.6, 7.2 <sup>2</sup> , 14.4 <sup>2</sup> , 28.8 <sup>2</sup> , 57.6 <sup>2</sup> kbps for RC4 |
| Frame offset | (0 to frame length/1.25) -1  |

Reverse Supplemental Channel 1 (R-SCH1)

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| Walsh code   | 0 to 7   |
| Data         | PN9, PN15, Fixed 4 bit pattern, user file  |
| Frame length | 20, 40 or 80 mSec  |
| Data rate    | For frame length = 20<br>1.5, 2.7, 4.8, 9.6, 19.2 <sup>2</sup> , 38.4 <sup>2</sup> , 76.8 <sup>2</sup> kbps for RC 3<br>1.8, 3.6, 7.2, 14.4, 28.8 <sup>2</sup> , 57.6 <sup>2</sup> , 115.2 <sup>2</sup> kbps for RC4<br>For frame length = 40<br>1.35, 2.4, 4.8, 9.6, 19.2 <sup>2</sup> , 38.4 <sup>2</sup> , 76.8 <sup>2</sup> , 153.6 <sup>2</sup> kbps for RC 3<br>1.8, 3.6, 7.2, 14.4 <sup>2</sup> , 28.8 <sup>2</sup> , 57.6 <sup>2</sup> , 115.2 <sup>2</sup> kbps for RC4 |

1. Only one channel is available in RC1 and RC2.
2. These data rates are available with turbo encoding.
3. If either REACH or RCCCH is on, then RPICH is the only other channel that can be on.

|  |  |
|--|--|
|  | For frame length = 80<br>1.2, 2.4, 4.8, 9.6, 19.2 <sup>2</sup> , 38.4 <sup>2</sup> , 76.8 <sup>2</sup> , kbps<br>for RC 3<br>1.8, 3.6, 7.22, 14.42, 28.82, 57.62 kbps<br>for RC4<br>Frame offset (0 to frame length/1.25) -1 |
|--|--|

R-CCCH<sup>3</sup> (Reverse Common Control Channel) and R-EACH<sup>3</sup> (Reverse-Enhanced Access Channel)

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| Walsh code   | 0 to 7   |
| Data         | PN9, PN15, fixed 4 bit pattern, user file  |
| Frame length | 5, 10 or 20 mSec   |
| Data rate    | For frame length = 5<br>38.4 kbps<br>For frame length = 10<br>19.2, 38.4 kbps<br>For frame length = 20<br>9.6, 19.2, 38.4 kbps |

## Real-time EDGE<sup>3</sup> personality

(Option 202, ESG-DP and ESG-D series only)

### Description

Option 202 is a firmware personality built upon the internal real-time I/Q baseband generator (Option UN8). This option will simulate both uplink and downlink EDGE signals. Data can be generated internally or externally with continuous data, or bursted and framed signals. Use custom filtering and framing to keep pace with the evolving definition of EDGE.

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| <b>Modulation</b>     | $3\pi/8$ -rotating 8PSK (per EDGE specifications) user-selectable (see Modulation under Option UN8)   |
| <b>Filter</b>         | "Linearized" Gaussian (per EDGE specifications) user-selectable (see Filter under Option UN8)   |
| <b>Symbol rate</b>    | User-adjustable (see Symbol rate under Option UN8) 270.833 kHz (default)  |
| <b>Burst Shape</b>    | Defaults to EDGE standard power vs. time mask with user definable rise and fall time. Alternatively, upload externally defined burst shape waveforms.   |
| <b>Data structure</b> | Time slots may be configured as normal or custom. The data field of a time slot can accept a user file, PRBS (PN9 or PN15), a fixed sequence or external data. All other fields in a timeslot are editable. |

## EVM performance (typical)<sup>1</sup>

| Output power |            | Output frequency |          |
|--------------|------------|------------------|----------|
| Standard     | Option UNB | 800 MHz          | 1900 MHz |
| ≤7 dBm       | ≤10 dBm    | < 0.75%          | < 1.75%  |
| ≤4 dBm       | ≤7 dBm     | < 0.75%          | < 1.00%  |

## Alternate time slot power level control

(Option UNA, ESG-DP and ESG-D series only)

Amplitude is settled within 0.5 dB in 20 μsecs, +4 to -136 dBm at 23 ± 5 °C

## Improved ACP performance for TETRA, CDMA and W-CDMA

(Option H99, ESG-D and ESG-DP series only)

ACP improvements for TETRA, CDMA and W-CDMA are listed in the appropriate heading under Options 100, 101, UN8, UN5, and H98 respectively. Specifications that are changes from the standard are listed below<sup>1</sup>.

### Output power

|                  |                      |
|------------------|----------------------|
| 250 kHz to 3 GHz | + 10 dBm to -136 dBm |
| >3 GHz           | + 4 dBm to -136 dBm  |

### Coherent

*carrier out* -4 dBm ± 5 dBm, typical

*Level accuracy* Specifications degrade by 0.2 dB

### Level accuracy with digital modulation

≤3 GHz specifications apply at ≤+7 dBm output power  
>3 GHz specifications apply at ≤+4 dBm output power

### DC vector accuracy

>3.7 GHz specifications apply down to >3 GHz  
>3 GHz specifications apply at ≤4 dBm  
Attenuator hold level range is same as Option UNB

### Spectral purity nonharmonics

>3 GHz specifications apply at ≤+4 dBm output power

### Amplitude modulation

500 kHz to 3 GHz specification is typical  
>3 GHz not specified

### Pulse modulation

On/off ratio  
<250 MHz >60 dB

### Pulse modulation

Level accuracy < ± 0.7 dB (relative to CW)<sup>2</sup>, typical

1. All specifications apply at 23 ± 5 °C.

2. With ALC OFF, specifications apply after the execution of power search.  
With ALC ON, specifications apply for pulse repetition rates ≤ 10 kHz and pulse widths ≥ 5 μs.

3. EDGE and IS-136HS traffic channels have the same physical layer. This EDGE signal can be used to simulate an IS-136HS traffic channel for component tests.

## General characteristics

**Power requirements** 90 to 254 V; 50, 60, or 400 Hz;  
200 W maximum

**Operating temperature range** 0 to 55 °C

**Storage temperature range** –40 to 71 °C

**Shock and vibration** Meets MIL-STD-28800E Type III, Class 3.

**Leakage:** Conducted and radiated interference meets MIL-STD-461C CE02 Part 2 and CISPR 11. Leakage is typically <1  $\mu$ V (nominally 0.1  $\mu$ V with a 2-turn loop) at  $\leq$ 1000 MHz, measured with a resonant dipole antenna, one inch from any surface with output level <0 dBm (all inputs/outputs properly terminated).

**Storage registers:** Memory is shared by instrument states, user data files, sweep list files and waveform sequences. Depending on the number and size of these files, up to 800 storage registers and 10 register sequences are available.

**Weight** <13.5 kg (28 lb.) net, <19.5 kg (42 lb.) shipping

**Dimensions** 133 mm H x 426 mm W x 432 mm D  
(5.25 in H x 16.8 in W x 17 in D)

### Remote programming

**Interface** GPIB (IEEE-488.2-1987) with listen and talk. RS-232.

**Control languages** SCPI version 1992.0, also compatible with 8656B and 8657A/B/C/D/J<sup>1</sup> mnemonics.

**Functions controlled** All front panel functions except power switch and knob.

**IEEE-488 functions** SH1, AH1, T6, TE0, L4, LE0, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, C0, E2.

### ISO compliant

The ESG series RF signal generators are manufactured in an ISO-9001 registered facility in concurrence with Agilent Technologies commitment to quality.

### Accessories

**Transit case** Part number 9211-1296

**Remote interface** 83300A

### Inputs and outputs

All front panel connectors can be moved to rear with Option 1EM.

#### RF output

Nominal output impedance 50 ohms. (type-N female, front panel)

#### LF output

Outputs the internally-generated LF source.

Outputs 0 to 3  $V_{peak}$  into 50 ohms, or 0 to 5  $V_{peak}$  into high impedance. (BNC, front panel)

#### External input 1

Drives either AM, FM,  $\Phi$ M, or burst envelope. Nominal input impedance 50 ohms, damage levels are 5  $V_{rms}$  and 10  $V_{peak}$ . (BNC, front panel)

#### External input 2

Drives either AM, FM,  $\Phi$ M, or pulse. Nominal input impedance 50 ohms, damage levels are 5  $V_{rms}$  and 10  $V_{peak}$ . (BNC, front panel)

#### Auxiliary interface

Used with 83300A remote keypad sequencer (9-pin RS-232 connector female, rear panel)

#### 10 MHz input

Accepts a 10 MHz  $\pm$ 10 ppm (standard timebase) or  $\pm$ 1 ppm (high-stability timebase) reference signal for operation with an external timebase. Nominal input impedance 50 ohms. (BNC, rear panel)

#### 10 MHz output

Outputs the 10 MHz internal reference level nominally +7 dBm  $\pm$ 2 dB. Nominal output impedance 50 ohms. (BNC, rear panel)

#### GPIB

Allows communication with compatible devices. (rear panel)

#### Sweep output

Generates output voltage, 0 to +10 V when signal generator is sweeping. Output impedance <1 ohm, can drive 2000 ohms. (BNC, rear panel)

#### Trigger output

Outputs a TTL signal: high at start of dwell, or when waiting for point trigger in manual sweep mode; low when dwell is over or point trigger is received, high or low 4  $\mu$ s pulse at start of LF sweep. (BNC, rear panel)

#### Trigger input

Accepts TTL signal for triggering point-to-point in manual sweep mode, or to trigger start of LF sweep. Damage levels  $\geq$ +10 V or  $\leq$ -4 V. (BNC, rear panel)

### With ESG-AP and ESG-A series and Option 1E6 only

#### Pulse input

Drives pulse modulation. Input impedance TTL. (BNC, front or rear panel)

### With ESG-DP and ESG-D series only

#### "I" input

Accepts an "I" input either for I/Q modulation or for wideband AM. Nominal input impedance 50 ohms, damage levels are 1  $V_{rms}$  and 10  $V_{peak}$ . (BNC, front panel)

#### "Q" input

Accepts a "Q" input for I/Q modulation. Nominal input impedance 50 ohms, damage levels are 1  $V_{rms}$  and 10  $V_{peak}$ . (BNC, front panel)

1. ESG series does not implement 8657A/B "Standby" or "On" (R0 or R1, respectively) mnemonics.

## General characteristics (continued)

### Coherent carrier output

Outputs RF modulated with FM or  $\Phi$ M, but not IQ or AM. Nominal power 0 dBm  $\pm$ 5 dB. Frequency range from 249.99900001 MHz to maximum frequency. For RF carriers below this range, output frequency = 1 GHz – frequency of RF output. Damage levels 20 V<sub>dc</sub> and 13 dBm reverse RF power. (SMA, rear panel)

### With ESG-DP and ESG-D series and Option UN8 only

#### Data input

Accepts serial data for digital modulation applications. Expects CMOS input. Leading edges must be synchronous with DATA CLOCK rising edges. The data must be valid on the DATA CLOCK falling edges. Damage levels are  $>+8$  and  $<-4$  V. (BNC, front panel)

#### Data clock input

Accepts CMOS clock signal (either bit or symbol), to synchronize inputting serial data. Damage levels are  $>+8$  and  $<-4$  V. (BNC, front panel)

#### Symbol sync input

Accepts CMOS synchronization signal. Symbol sync might occur once per symbol or be a single, one bit wide pulse to synchronize the first bit of the first symbol. Damage levels are  $>+8$  and  $<-4$  V. (BNC, front panel)

#### Baseband generator reference input

Accepts 0 to +20 dBm sinewave, or TTL squarewave, to use as reference clock for GSM applications. Only locks the internal data generator to the external reference; the RF frequency is still locked to the 10 MHz reference. Nominal impedance is 50 ohms at 13 MHz, AC-coupled. Damage levels are  $>+8$  and  $<-8$  V. (BNC, rear panel)

#### Burst gate input

Accepts CMOS signal for gating burst power when externally supplying data. Damage levels are  $>+8$  and  $<-4$  V. (BNC<sup>1</sup>, rear panel) Pattern trigger input accepts CMOS signal to trigger internal pattern or frame generator to start single pattern output. Damage levels are  $>+8$  and  $<-4$  V. (BNC<sup>1</sup>, rear panel)

#### Event 1 output

Outputs pattern or frame synchronization pulse for triggering or gating external equipment. May be set to start at the beginning of a pattern, frame, or timeslot and is adjustable to within  $\pm$  one timeslot with one bit resolution. Damage levels are  $>+8$  and  $<-4$  V. (BNC<sup>1</sup>, rear panel)

#### Event 2 output

Outputs data enable signal for gating external equipment. Applicable when external data is clocked into internally generated timeslots. Data is enabled when signal is low. Damage levels  $>+8$  and  $<-4$  V. (BNC<sup>1</sup>, rear panel)

#### Data output

Outputs data from the internal data generator or the externally supplied signal at data input. CMOS signal. (BNC<sup>1</sup>, rear panel) Data clock output relays a CMOS bit clock signal for synchronizing serial data. (BNC<sup>1</sup>, rear panel)

#### Symbol sync output

Outputs CMOS symbol clock for symbol synchronization, one data clock period wide. (BNC<sup>1</sup>, rear panel)

### "I" and "Q" baseband outputs

Outputs in-phase and quadrature-phase component of I/Q modulation from the internal baseband generator. Full scale is 1 V<sub>peak</sub> to peak. Nominal impedance 50 ohms, DC-coupled, damage levels are  $>+2$  and  $<-2$  V. (BNC, rear panel)

### With ESG-DP and ESG-D series and Option UND only

#### Baseband generator reference input

Accepts a TTL or  $>-10$  dBm sinewave. Rate is 250 kHz to 20 MHz. Pulse width is  $>10$  ns.

**Trigger types** Continuous, single, gated, segment advance

#### "I" and "Q" baseband outputs

Outputs in-phase and quadrature-phase component of I/Q modulation from the internal baseband generator. Full scale is 1 V<sub>peak</sub> to peak. Nominal impedance 50 ohms, DC-coupled, damage levels are  $>+2$  and  $<-2$  V. (BNC, rear panel)

#### Event 1 output

Even second output for multichannel CDMA. Damage levels are  $>+8$  V and  $<-4$  V. (BNC<sup>1</sup>, rear panel)

### With ESG-DP and ESG-D series and Option UN7 only

#### Data, clock and clock gate inputs

Accepts TTL or 75  $\Omega$  input. Polarity is selected. Clock duty cycle is 30% to 70%. Damage levels are  $>+8$  V and  $<-4$  V (BNC<sup>1</sup>, rear panel)

#### Sync loss output

Outputs a TTL signal that is low when sync is lost. Valid only when measure end is high. Damage levels are  $>+8$  V and  $<-4$  V. (SMB, rear panel)

#### No data detection output

Outputs a TTL signal that is low when no data is detected. Valid only when measure end is high. (SMB, rear panel)

Error-bit-output (not supported at 10 Mbps rate)

Outputs 80 ns (typical) pulse when error bit is detected. (SMB, rear panel)

#### Test result output

Outputs a TTL signal that is high for fail and low for pass. Valid only on measure end falling edge. (SMB, rear panel)

#### Measure end output

Outputs a TTL signal that is high during measurement. Trigger events are ignored while high. (SMB, rear panel)

### With ESG-DP and ESG-D series and Option UNA

#### Alternate power input

Accepts CMOS signal for synchronization of external data and alternate power signal timing. Damage levels are  $>+8$  and  $<-4$  V. (BNC<sup>1</sup>, rear panel)

### With ESG-D and Option 300

#### 321.4 MHz input

Accepts a 321.4 MHz IF signal. Nominal input impedance 50 ohms. (SMB, rear panel)

1. Option 1EM replaces this BNC connector with an SMB connector.

# Ordering information

See *ESG Family RF Signal Generators Configuration Guide* (literature number 5965-4973E) for more information

|               |   |
|---------------|---|
| <b>E4400B</b> | 1 GHz ESG-A series RF signal generator  |
| <b>E4420B</b> | 2 GHz ESG-A series RF signal generator  |
| <b>E4421B</b> | 3 GHz ESG-A series RF signal generator  |
| <b>E4422B</b> | 4 GHz ESG-A series RF signal generator  |
| <b>E4423B</b> | 1 GHz ESG-AP series RF signal generator |
| <b>E4425B</b> | 3 GHz ESG-AP series RF signal generator |
| <b>E4424B</b> | 2 GHz ESG-AP series RF signal generator |
| <b>E4426B</b> | 4 GHz ESG-AP series RF signal generator |
| <b>E4430B</b> | 1 GHz ESG-D series RF signal generator  |
| <b>E4431B</b> | 2 GHz ESG-D series RF signal generator  |
| <b>E4432B</b> | 3 GHz ESG-D series RF signal generator  |
| <b>E4433B</b> | 4 GHz ESG-D series RF signal generator  |
| <b>E4434B</b> | 1 GHz ESG-DP series RF signal generator |
| <b>E4435B</b> | 2 GHz ESG-DP series RF signal generator |
| <b>E4436B</b> | 3 GHz ESG-DP series RF signal generator |
| <b>E4437B</b> | 4 GHz ESG-DP series RF signal generator |

## Options

See *ESG Family RF Signal Generators Configuration Guide* (literature number 5965-4973E) for more information

To add options to a model, use the following ordering scheme:

|                        | <b>Example</b>  |
|------------------------|---|
| <b>Model #</b>         | <b>E4432B</b>   |
| <b>Model #-option#</b> | <b>E4432B-UND</b>   |
| <b>Model #-option#</b> | <b>E4432B-100</b>   |
| <b>Model #-OB1</b>     | Adds extra manual set   |
| <b>Model #-OBV</b>     | Adds service documentation, component level                                   |
| <b>Model #-OBW</b>     | Adds service documentation, assembly level                                    |
| <b>Model #-OBX</b>     | Adds service documentation, assembly and component level                      |
| <b>Model #-1CM</b>     | Adds rack mount kit, part number 5063-9214                                    |
| <b>Model #-1CN</b>     | Adds front handle kit, part number 5063-9227                                  |
| <b>Model #-1CP</b>     | Adds rack mount kit with handles, part number 5063-9221                       |
| <b>Model #-1E5</b>     | Adds high-stability timebase  |
| <b>Model #-1E6</b>     | High-performance pulse modulation   |
| <b>Model #-1EM</b>     | Moves all front panel connectors to rear panel                                |
| <b>Model #-UN5</b>     | Adds multichannel IS-95 CDMA personality                                      |
| <b>Model #-UN7</b>     | Adds internal bit-error-rate analyzer   |
| <b>Model #-UN8</b>     | Adds real-time I/Q baseband generator with TDMA standards and 1 Mbit of RAM   |
| <b>Model #-UN9</b>     | Adds 7 Mbits of RAM to Option UN8   |
| <b>Model #-100</b>     | Adds multichannel W-CDMA personality  |
| <b>Model #-101</b>     | Adds multichannel cdma2000 personality  |
| <b>Model #-200</b>     | Adds real-time 3GPP W-CDMA personality  |
| <b>Model #-201</b>     | Adds real-time cdma2000 personality   |
| <b>Model #-202</b>     | EDGE personality for Real-Time BB generator                                   |
| <b>Model #-300</b>     | Base station BERT extension for Option UN7 (internal bit-error-rate analyzer) |
| <b>Model #-404</b>     | Signal Studio for 1xEV-DO   |
| <b>Model #-406</b>     | Signal Studio for Bluetooth   |
| <b>Model #-UNA</b>     | Alternate timeslot power level control  |
| <b>Model #-UNB</b>     | Adds higher power with mechanical attenuator                                  |
| <b>Model #-UND</b>     | Adds internal dual arbitrary waveform generator                               |
| <b>Model #-H99</b>     | Improves ACP performance for TETRA, CDMA, and W-CDMA                          |

# ESG family application and product information

## *Application notes, product notes, and product overviews*

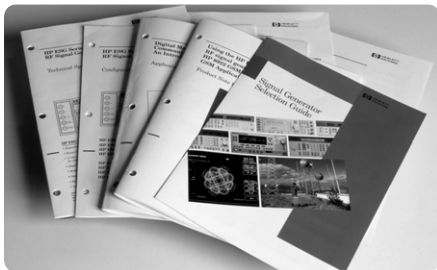
- *RF Source Basics*, a self-paced tutorial (CD ROM), literature number 5980-2060E.
- *Digital Modulation in Communications Systems—An Introduction*, Application Note 1298, literature number 5965-7160E.
- *Generating and Downloading Data to the ESG-D RF Signal Generator for Digital Modulation*, Product Note, literature number 5966-1010E.
- *Using Vector Modulation Analysis in the Integration, Troubleshooting and Design of Digital Communications Systems*, Product Note, literature number 5091-8687E.
- *Controlling TDMA Timeslot Power Levels in the ESG-D Series Option UNA*, Product Note, literature number 5966-4472E.
- *Testing CDMA Base Station Amplifiers*, Application Note 1307, literature number 5967-5486E.
- *Customize Digital Modulation with the ESG-D Series Real-Time I/Q Baseband Generator, Option UND*, Product Note, literature number 5966-4096E.
- *Using the ESG-D RF Signal Generator's Multicarrier, Multichannel CDMA Personality for Component Test, Option UN5*, Product Note, literature number 5968-2981E.
- *Generating Digital Modulation with the ESG-D Series Dual Arbitrary Waveform Generator, Option UND*, Product Note, literature number 5966-4097E.
- *Understanding GSM Transmitter Measurements for Base Transceiver Stations and Mobile Stations*, Application Note 1312, literature number 5968-2320E.
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- *Using the ESG-D series of RF signal generators and the 8922 GSM Test Set for GSM Applications*, Product Note, literature number 5965-7158E.
- *ESG Series RF Signal Generators Option 200 W-CDMA*, Product Overview, literature number 5988-0369EN.
- *ESG Series RF Signal Generators Option 201 cdma2000*, Product Overview, literature number 5988-0371EN.

## *Product literature*

- *ESG Family RF Signal Generators*, Brochure, literature number 5968-4313E.
- *ESG Family RF Signal Generators*, Technical Specifications, literature number 5965-3096E.
- *ESG Family RF Signal Generators*, Configuration Guide, literature number 5965-4973E.
- *Signal Generators RF and Microwave Models*, Catalog, literature number 5965-3094E.

## **See the ESG family Web page for the latest information**

Get the latest news, product and support information, application literature, firmware upgrades and more. Agilent's Internet address for the ESG family is: <http://www.agilent.com/find/esg>



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